

Having regard to Law No. 400 of 23 August 1988;

Having regard to Decree No. 6 of 23 February 2020, containing "Urgent measures for the containment and management of the COVID-19 epidemiological emergency ", converted into Law No. 13 of 5 March 2020 and subsequently repealed by Decree Law No. 19 of 2020, with the exception of article 3(6-bis) and article 4;

Having regard to Decree Law No. 19 of 25 March 2020, converted into Law, with amendments, by law 22 May 2020, n. 35, and in particular articles 1 and 2(1), containing "Urgent measures for tackling the COVID-19 epidemiological emergency";

Having regard to Decree Law No. 33 of 16 May 2020 containing "Further urgent measures for tackling the COVID-19 epidemiological emergency";

Having regard to the Decree of the President of the Council of Ministers (abbreviated as DPCM) of 17 May 2020, containing "Provisions implementing Decree Law No. 19 of 25 March 2020, containing urgent measures for tackling the COVID-19 epidemiological emergency and Decree Law No. 33 of 16 May 2020, containing further urgent measures for tackling the COVID-19 epidemiological emergency ", published in the Italian Official Journal No. 126 of 17 May 2020;

Having regard to the statement by the World Health Organisation of 30 January 2020, whereby the COVID-19 epidemic is determined as a Public Health Emergency of International Concern (PHEIC);

Having regard to the subsequent statement by the World Health Organisation of 11 March 2020, whereby the COVID-19 epidemic is confirmed a "pandemic", in consideration of its great contagiousness and global seriousness;

Having regard to the decision by the Council of Ministers of 31 January 2020 declaring a nationwide state of emergency, for six months, due to the health risk related to the development of diseases arising from communicable viral agents;

Considering the development of the epidemiological situation, the extremely contagious nature of the epidemic and the increased number of cases nationwide;

Considering, moreover, that the supranational spread of the epidemic, and its effects on various areas of the country, require the introduction of measures aimed at ensuring a degree of uniformity in the implementation of prophylactic programmes developed internationally and at the European level;

Having regard to the minutes nos. 64, 65, 66, 67, 68 and 69, relating to the meetings held on 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 11 May 2020 as well as the minutes n. 71, 73, 74, 76, 77, 78, 80, 82, 84 and 87 referred to in the sessions 12, 14, 15, 18, 19, 21, 25 and 28 May and 3 and 8 June 2020 of the committee of technical and scientific experts, referred to in the ordinance of the Chief Executive of the civil protection department of 3 February 2020, No. 630, as amended and supplemented;

At the proposal of the Ministry of Health, having consulted with the Ministries of the Interior, Defence, Economy and Finance, and the Ministries of Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation, Education, Justice, Infrastructure and Transport, Universities and Research, Agriculture, Food and Forestry, Cultural Assets and Activities and Tourism, Labour and Welfare, Public Administration, Youth and Sports, Regional Affairs and Devolved Government, Family and Equal Opportunities, and having also consulted with the President of the Conference of Regions and Autonomous Provinces;

Having regard to the guidelines for re-opening the economy and businesses by the Conference of the Regions and Autonomous Provinces of 11 June 2020, referred to in Annex 9, forwarded on 11 June 2020, in conjunction with the opinion of the President of the Conference of the Presidents of the Regions and Autonomous Provinces; hereby

## **DECREES:**

### **Article 1**

#### **Urgent nationwide measures for containing the spread of COVID-19**

1. The following measures shall apply, for the purpose of countering and containing the spread of the COVID-19 virus within the country:

(a) persons with a respiratory infection characterised by fever (over 37.5°C) must remain at home and contact their doctor;

(b) access by the public to parks, gardens and other green areas is allowed, conditional on strict compliance with the ban on gatherings, referred to in the opening sentence of Article 1(8) of Decree-Law No. 33 of 16 May 2020, and with social distancing of at least one metre at all times; children are allowed access, accompanied by family members or other members of their household or their minder, to playgrounds located in parks, gardens and other green areas open to the public, for outdoor games or recreational activities, in accordance with the guidelines of the Department for Family Policies in Annex 8;

(c) Children and young people shall be allowed access to outdoor and indoor facilities and areas for games and recreational and educational activities, whether formal or informal, under the supervision of qualified staff and with the obligation to adopt appropriate safety protocols developed in accordance with the Department of Family Policy guidelines in Annex 8;

(d) outdoor sports activities or physical exercise is allowed, also in equipped areas and public parks, where accessible, as long as social distancing of at least two metres for sports activities and at least one metre for other kinds of physical exercise is respected at all times, except in the case of minders accompanying children or care-givers accompanying disabled or non-independent persons;

(e) effective from 12 June 2020 all competition sports and events designated "of national interest" by the Italian National Olympic Committee (CONI), the Italian Paralympic Committee (CIP), and the respective federations, or organized by international sports bodies - they are allowed behind closed doors or outdoors without the presence of the public, in compliance with the protocols issued by the respective National Sports Federations, the Associated Sports Disciplines and the Sports Promotion Agencies, to prevent or reduce the risk of spreading the COVID-19 virus among athletes, technicians, managers and all accompanying persons who participate in it; also the training of professional and non-professional athletes, individual sports and team sports, are allowed behind closed doors, in compliance with the protocols referred to in this letter;

(f) amateur sports activities and physical exercise in general, as practised at gyms, swimming pools, sports clubs and centres, whether public or private, or other fitness, spa and wellness centres, establishments and facilities, are allowed, as long as social distancing is observed at all times and avoiding gatherings in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Office for Sport, after consulting the Italian Sports Medical Federation (FMSI), and subject to any other operational guidelines issued by the regions and autonomous provinces, in accordance with article 1(14) of Decree Law No. 33 of 2020.

g) effective from June 25, 2020, the practice of contact sports may resume in all those Regions and Autonomous Provinces of the country that, in agreement with the Ministry of Health and the Government Authority delegated with oversight of sports activities, have preventively established that the said sports practices are compatible with the general epidemiological situation in their respective territories, in pursuance of the guidelines referred to in letter f) above, to the extent that they are applicable;

h) skiing may resume, subject to the condition that the authorities of the Regions and Autonomous Provinces in which the skiing districts are located have preventively established that the said skiing activities are compatible with the general epidemiological situation in their respective territories and provided suitable protocols or guidelines for preventing or minimising the risk of contagion in the specific or related sectors; the protocols or guidelines shall be adopted by the regions, or by the Conference of

Regions and Autonomous Provinces, in accordance with the nationwide protocols or guidelines and, in any case, consistently with the criteria set out in Annex 10;

i) public events may be held only if stationary and provided that all the participants strictly observe, at all times, the social distancing and other contagion prevention measures and requirements imposed by the provincial law enforcement authority (*questore*), pursuant to article 18 of the Consolidation Act on Public Security, referred to in Royal Decree 773/1931;

l) amusement arcades, betting shops and bingo halls may open subject to the relevant authorities of the Regions and Autonomous Provinces having preventively established that the activities carried out on the premises are compatible with the general epidemiological situation in their respective territories and provided suitable protocols or guidelines for preventing or minimising the risk of contagion in the specific or related sectors; the protocols or guidelines shall be adopted by the regions, or by the Conference of Regions and Autonomous Provinces, in accordance with the nationwide protocols or guidelines and, in any case, consistently with the criteria set out in Annex 10;

m) performances and shows open to the public may take place in theatres, concert halls, cinemas and other indoor and outdoor venues subject to the sale of tickets with assigned and distanced seating and as long as the social distancing rule of one metre is strictly observed, at all times, with regard to both the staff members and members of the audience who do not belong to the same household, up to a maximum of 1,000 spectators, in the case of outdoor venues, and 200 indoors, per venue. All activities must comply with the protocols or guidelines aimed at preventing or minimising the risk of contagion in the specific or related sectors, as adopted by the Regional authorities or the Conference of Regions and Autonomous Provinces, in accordance with the nationwide protocols or guidelines and, in any case, consistently with the criteria set out in Annex 10. Events that involve group gatherings, in either indoor or outdoor spaces, at which it would prove impossible to observe or enforce the observance of the conditions referred to herein, are suspended until further notice. Activities held in dance clubs, ballrooms and similar venues, whether indoors or outdoors, and - until July 14, 2020 - trade fairs and conferences, are likewise suspended. The Regions and Autonomous Provinces may decide a different date for resuming the above mentioned activities, and different limits to the number of participants or spectators allowed, in relation to the epidemiological situation and trend in their respective territories and depending on the dimensions and characteristics of the venues;

(n) access to places of worship is allowed, conditional on arrangements being made to avoid gatherings, taking into account the size and characteristics of the building or venue and observing social distancing of at least one metre at all times;

(o) religious services with the attendance of people shall be held in accordance with the protocols entered into by the Government and the respective confessions, as referred to in Annexes 1 to 7;

(p) museums, galleries and other cultural institutions and venues, within the meaning of article 101 of the Code of Cultural Assets and Landscape, set out in Legislative Decree No. 42 of 22 January 2004, may open to the public, conditional on specific arrangements, such as staggered or limited entrance, taking into account the size and characteristics of the building or area and the flow of visitors (in the region of 100,000 per year) and, in any case, such as to avoid gatherings and ensure social distancing of at least one metre. Access to cultural venues shall be organised in accordance with the protocols or guidelines established by the regions or the Conference of Regions and Autonomous Provinces. The managements and operators of museums, galleries and other cultural institutions and venues may determine site- and activity-specific organisational arrangements and other prevention and protection measures for protecting their staff members;

(q) without prejudice to the provisions of article 1 of the Law Decree of 8 April 2020, no. 22, converted by law 6 June 2020, with amendments, n. 41 and subsequent implementing measures, in particular regarding State Exams, all infant education activities referred to in article 2 of Legislative Decree No. 65 of 13 April 2017, as well as teaching activities at all kinds of schools and the attendance of higher education and training activities, including universities and higher education institutions for fine arts, music and dance, master programmes, courses for healthcare professionals, degree programmes for senior citizens provided

by other national or local public or private entities, are suspended, except if provided through remote or distance learning solutions.

Exempted from this rule are specific general medicine training programmes, as well as the educational-training activities of the training institutes of the ministries of the interior, defense, the economy and finance and justice. Specialist medical programmes, as well as programmes for training medical and healthcare professionals are allowed to continue, also on the basis of remote or distance learning. Furthermore qualification courses and theory and practice tests held by the vehicle registration agency (*motorizzazione civile*) and driving schools may be held, as well as training courses for qualifying as road haulage or passenger transport worker and courses for establishing the proper operation of tachographs provided by the said driving schools and other training facilities or which are licensed by the Ministry of Infrastructure and Transport, in accordance with the procedures set out in the guidelines established by the said Ministry, the qualification exams for Vocational Education & Training programmes, in accordance with the relevant provisions issued by the individual Regions, and occupational health and safety training courses, subject to compliance with the measures laid down in the «Technical document on the possible readjustment of the SARS-CoV-2 contagion containment measures at work and prevention strategies» published by the INAIL. All other alternative gatherings are prohibited to ensure the observance of social distancing. School committee meetings or assemblies of any kind may be held in person solely if social distancing can be strictly observed by the attendees, to ensure their safety, otherwise they shall be held by remote communications. The competent management entities shall keep the premises clean and provide for the administrative and accounting formalities relating to the infant education services. During the period in which the schools are closed and teaching activities suspended, the owner of the buildings may authorise the management entity, in collaboration with the school authorities, to use the premises for organising and holding extra-curricular and informal games, recreational and educational activities, however without prejudice to the schools' curricular activities. The activities shall be held with the assistance of qualified personnel and subject to the management entity adopting specific health and safety protocols that comply with the guidelines referred to in Annex 8, and providing for the necessary cleaning and sanitisation operations. Public or private sports facilities may also be used for the same purposes, provided that the same conditions are complied with;

(r) school principals shall put into place remote or distance learning solutions for the entire period of school closures, also taking into account the specific needs of disabled students;

(s) at universities and higher education institutions for fine arts, music and dance, for the entire period of closure, teaching may continue - where possible - through the distance or remote learning solutions implemented by each university or higher education institution, with a special focus on the specific needs of disabled students; when normality resumes, the universities and institutions shall put into place, if and where this is deemed necessary, and, in any case, by defining the relevant procedures, recovery programmes and catch-up schemes, with regard to training and curricular activities, as well as other, also intermediate, checks and tests conducive to completing the respective educational programmes; the universities, higher education institutions for fine arts, music and dance, and public research institutions, may organise tests, training schemes, experimental and/or curricular research and laboratory activities and exercises, and access is allowed to libraries, as long as the spaces are organised in such a manner as to prevent gatherings and ensure social distancing at all times, and appropriate prevention and protection measures are put into place and adapted to the specific higher education and research environments, also with a special focus on the needs of disabled persons, in accordance with the "Technical document on the possible reshaping of the measures for the containment of SARS-CoV-2 contagion in the workplace and relevant prevention strategies" published by INAIL. To this end, the universities, higher education institutions for fine arts, music and dance, and public research institutions shall provide the necessary personnel to perform the said activities, pursuant to article 87(1)(a) of Decree Law No. 18 of 17 March 2020;

(t) for the benefit of all the students unable to attend the teaching, training and curricular activities provided by universities and higher education institutions for fine arts, music and dance, as a result of the introduction of the health emergency measures herein, the said activities may be provided through distance or remote learning solutions, if and where possible, as defined by each university or institution, and with a focus on the specific needs of disabled students; the universities and institutions shall ensure, if

deemed necessary and, in any case, by defining the relevant procedures, recovery programmes and catch-up schemes, with regard to training and curricular activities, as well as other, also intermediate, checks and tests conducive to completing the respective educational programmes; the hours of absence accrued by the students shall not be taken into account for the purpose of deciding their admission to the final exams and for assessment purposes;

(u) the governing boards may, by way of a general resolution or similar official measure, in accordance with their specific bylaws, reshape the teaching activities and curricular organisation of the relevant education programmes, and of the university-level programmes offered to the law enforcement and armed forces personnel, under way on 9 March 2020 and to which the provisions of article 2(1)(h) of the Decree of the President of the Council of Ministers of 8 March 2020 have been applied, also providing for remote or distance learning solutions and exams, as well as the abolition of any tests not yet held, while maintaining the validity of any previous exams for final assessment purposes. The hours of absence from formal teaching activities, as a result of the COVID-19 containment measures, shall not be taken into account in respect of achievement assessment or for admission purposes;

(v) all conferences, conventions, congresses, meetings and other social events involving healthcare personnel or personnel responsible for providing essential or public utility services are suspended;

(z) wellness centres and spa facilities (except for the care services included in the essential levels of care, within the meaning of the applicable regulations) and cultural and social clubs and centres may operate, provided that the authorities of the relevant Regions and Autonomous Provinces have preventively established that the activities carried out there are compatible with the general epidemiological situation in their respective territories;

(aa) it is forbidden to remain and linger on inside the waiting rooms of accident and emergency departments of hospitals after accompanying a person, except as otherwise indicated by the hospital staff;

(bb) visitor access to long-term care facilities, residential care homes and treatment centres, hospices, rehabilitation facilities and residential care facilities for the elderly shall be restricted by the management of the facility, which shall adopt all the necessary measures for preventing the transmission of the infection;

(cc) based on the guidelines issued by the Ministry of Health, in agreement with the coordinator of the measures for overcoming the coronavirus emergency, the regional branches and divisions of the National Health Service shall provide adequate support to the Ministry of Justice for containing the spread of COVID-19, also by way of measures - in accordance with the health protocols developed by the General Disease Prevention Department of the Ministry of Health - suited to protecting minors remanded in custody or sentenced to a prison term at youth detention centres. Any such detainees or inmates showing the symptoms of coronavirus shall be placed in isolation, away from the other inmates.

(dd) retail sale activities are allowed, as long as social distancing of at least one metre can be respected, and access to retail outlets shall be staggered and limited, to prevent people lingering inside for longer than is necessary for purchasing; retail activities shall comply with the contents of the industry-specific protocols or guidelines designed to prevent or minimise the risk of contagion in general adopted by the regions or the Conference of Regions and Autonomous Provinces, in accordance with the principles set out in the nationwide protocols or guidelines and, in any case, consistently with the criteria set out in Annex 10. The application of the measures set out in Annex 11 is also recommended;

(ee) restaurant services (which include bars, pubs, restaurants, tea rooms, ice cream parlours, pastry and cake shops) shall be allowed, provided that the regions and autonomous provinces have preventively determined that the said services are compatible with the local epidemiological situation and subject to the introduction of appropriate industry-specific protocols or guidelines designed to prevent or minimise the risk of contagion in general; the said protocols or guidelines shall be adopted by the regions or the Conference of Regions and Autonomous Provinces in accordance with the principles set out in the nationwide protocols or guidelines and, in any case, consistently with the criteria set out in Annex 10; canteen and contract catering services may continue to be provided, as long as social distancing of at least one metre is respected at all times. Home delivery services may also be provided, in accordance with the applicable health and safety regulations, for packaging and transport, as well as takeaway services, subject to social distancing of at least one metre;

(ff) food and drink outlets in hospitals and airports may remain open, as long as they can ensure social distancing of at least one metre;

(gg) retail establishments providing personal services are allowed to open, provided that the regions and autonomous provinces have preventively determined that the said services are compatible with the local epidemiological situation and subject to the introduction of appropriate industry-specific protocols or guidelines designed to prevent or minimise the risk of contagion in general; the said protocols or guidelines shall be adopted by the regions or the Conference of Regions and Autonomous Provinces in accordance with the principles set out in the nationwide protocols or guidelines and, in any case, consistently with the criteria set out in Annex 10; the personal services allowed on the basis of the Decree of the President of the Council of Ministers of 26 April 2020 shall continue to be allowed;

(hh) all banking, financial and insurance services, as well as farming, animal husbandry and agri-food processing activities, and related supply chains of goods and services, shall continue to operate, in accordance with the applicable health and safety regulations;

(ii) the President of the Region shall provide for the programming of (scheduled and non-scheduled) local public transport services, for the purpose of reducing or cancelling services, in relation to the health measures for containing the COVID-19 emergency, on the basis of actual needs and to ensure essential minimum services, in such a manner as to avoid overcrowding on buses and trains during peak times. To the same end, the Minister of Transport and Infrastructure, by way of a decree adopted in agreement with the Minister of Health, may order the reduction, suspension or limitation of domestic and international transport services, by road, rail, air, sea or inland waterway, for the purpose of containing the COVID-19 emergency, also by introducing specific requirements for passengers and staff members, as well as for carriers and ship owners;

(ll) with regard to professional activities, the following recommendations are made:

(a) to adopt agile or smart working, if possible, from home or remotely;

(b) to encourage employees to take holiday entitlements or go on paid leave or other benefits provided by collective bargaining;

(c) to introduce anti-contagion safety protocols and, where it proves impossible to observe the one-metre social distancing rule, as the main containment measure, to adopt adequate personal protective equipment;

(d) to sanitise the workplace, also by using income support funds;

(mm) bathing establishments shall be allowed to operate, provided that the regions and autonomous provinces have preventively determined that the said services are compatible with the local epidemiological situation and subject to the introduction of appropriate industry-specific protocols or guidelines designed to prevent or minimise the risk of contagion in general; the said protocols or guidelines shall be adopted by the regions or the Conference of Regions and Autonomous Provinces in accordance with the principles set out in the nationwide protocols or guidelines and, in any case, consistently with the criteria set out in Annex 10. In any case, with regard to both bathing establishments and free public beaches, social distancing of at least one metre must be observed at all times, in accordance with the rules introduced by the regional authorities, such as to prevent or minimise the risk of contagion, taking into account the characteristics of each location and the relevant infrastructure and transport. In any case, the regional protocols or guidelines shall address:

(1) access to and movement within the bathing establishments;

(2) access by external suppliers;

(3) use of the common areas, except for the specific requirements that apply to the sale of food and beverages and the restaurant services;

(4) the distribution and distancing of the spaces assigned to bathers;

(5) the health and safety rules for the staff and bathers;

(6) regulations concerning recreational and sports activities;

(7) the provision of shuttle services;

(8) the health and safety and contagion prevention information at the bathing establishment, for staff and bathers;

(9) the rules governing access to free public beaches.

(nn) establishments providing accommodation and hospitality services shall be allowed to operate if they can ensure social distancing of at least one metre in the common areas, in accordance with the protocols and guidelines adopted by the regions or the Conference of Regions and Autonomous Provinces, suited to preventing or minimising the risk of contagion and, in any case, consistently with the criteria set out in Annex 10, also taking into account the various types of accommodation facilities. In any case, the regional protocols or guidelines shall address:

- (1) access, reception and assistance to guests;
- (2) use of the common areas, except for the specific requirements that apply to the sale of food and beverages and the restaurant services;
- (3) health and safety measures applying to the rooms and the common areas;
- (4) access by external suppliers;
- (5) regulations concerning recreational and sports activities;
- (6) the provision of shuttle services;
- (7) the health and safety and contagion prevention information at the accommodation facility, for staff and guests.

## **Article 2**

### **Contagion containment measures in the manufacturing and retail sectors**

1. All manufacturing and retail activities, nationwide, except as provided in article 1, shall comply with the common protocol regulating the measures to counter and contain the spread of the COVID-19 virus at the workplace, signed on 24 April 2020 by the Government and the social partners, as set out in Annex 12, and for the respective areas of responsibility, the common protocol regulating the measures to counter and contain the spread of the COVID-19 virus on construction sites, signed on 24 April 2020 by the Ministry of Infrastructure and Transport, the Ministry of Labour and Welfare and the social partners, as set out in Annex 13, and the common protocol regulating the measures to counter and contain the spread of the COVID-19 virus in the transport and logistics sector, signed on 20 March 2020, as set out in Annex 14.

## **Article 3**

### **Nationwide information and prevention measures**

1. The following measures shall apply nationwide:

- (a) healthcare personnel must comply with the appropriate measures for preventing the spread of respiratory infections, in accordance with the applicable regulations and as provided by the Ministry of Health, on the basis of the recommendations by the World Health Organisation, and the managements of the healthcare facilities shall apply the sanitisation and disinfection recommendations provided by the Ministry of Health;
- b) the application of the sanitary prevention measures set out in Annex 16 is recommended;
- (c) information on the health and safety and prevention measures set out in Annex 16 shall be displayed at infant schools, within the meaning of Legislative Decree No. 65 of 13 April 2017, and all other schools of any kind, universities, public administration offices and other places open to the public and other busy public spaces;
- (d) mayors and trade organisations shall promote the dissemination of the information on health and safety and prevention measures (Annex 16) in all retail outlets and businesses;
- (e) hand sanitisers must be made available to all employees and visitors in public administrations offices, in particular, at the entrance to health service facilities and in all premises open to the public, in accordance with the provisions of the Directive by the Minister for Public Administration No. 1 of 25 February 2020;
- (f) public transport companies, whether local or long-distance, shall adopt extraordinary measures to sanitise their vehicles, on a frequent basis;
- (g) all persons are advised to observe the health and safety and prevention measures set out in Annex 16.

2. In order to contain the spread of the COVID-19 virus, respiratory protection has become mandatory in all indoor areas, nationwide, including on means of transport and, in any case, wherever it is not possible to

observe social distancing. Children aged under six years are exempt from this obligation, as also persons who, because of their disability, are unable to continuously wear a face mask or the persons interacting with them.

3. For the purposes referred to in paragraph 2, community masks may be used, i.e. disposable or washable masks, including home made masks, made of multilayer materials suited to providing an adequate barrier and, at the same time, ensuring comfort and breathability, adequate shape and adherence when covering from the chin to the top of the nose.

4. The use of community masks is in addition to other protective measures aimed at reducing contagion (such as physical distancing and constant and accurate hand hygiene) which remain unchanged and a priority.

5. The necessary measures shall be implemented, also by adopting ad hoc protocols, to ensure the progressive reopening of all public offices and the return to work, in safe conditions, of the staff members, in accordance with article 263 of Decree Law 34/2020. The public administration bodies shall ensure compliance with the applicable health and safety regulations adopted by the competent authorities.

#### **Article 4** **Provisions regulating entry into Italy**

1. Passengers travelling to Italy by air, sea, inland waterway, rail or land, are required to present a declaration form to the transport carrier, at boarding and for the purposes of establishing eligibility, in accordance with Articles 46 and 47 of Presidential Decree No. 445 of 28 December 2000, specifying the following information, in a clear and detailed manner, so as to enable the carrier or ship owner to verify:

(a) the reasons for travelling, in accordance with Article 1(4) and (5) of Decree-Law No. 33 of 2020 and Article 6 of this decree;

(b) the full address, in Italy, where the person concerned will be staying throughout the period of supervised self-isolation, as referred to in paragraph 3 below, and the private transport utilised to reach the said address;

(c) a (land and/or mobile) telephone number, for receiving any communications during the period of supervised self-isolation.

2. Before boarding, transport carriers and ship owners shall be required to collect and check the forms referred to in paragraph 1 above, and to check their body temperature of each passenger, denying boarding to any passengers showing a fever or presenting an incomplete form. They are also required to adopt the measures, in accordance with the "Shared regulatory protocol for the containment of the spread of Covid-19 in the transport and logistics sector" signed on 20 March 2020 and referred to in Annex 14, as well as the "Guidelines for information to users and procedures for the containment of the spread of Covid-19" referred to in Annex 15, for ensuring social distancing of at least one metre between the passengers at all times during the journey, as well as the use of personal protective equipment (PPE) by the crew and passengers, also indicating any circumstances in which such PPE may be temporarily and extraordinarily removed. The carrier shall provide PPE to any passengers without it before boarding.

3. In accordance with paragraph 1 above, passengers travelling to Italy, even if asymptomatic, are obliged to immediately contact and notify their arrival in the country to the Disease Prevention Department of the competent local health authorities, and shall be subject to a mandatory fourteen-day period of supervised self-isolation at the address specified at boarding, in accordance with paragraph 1(b) above. If they subsequently develop COVID-19 symptoms, they will be obliged to promptly report the situation to the competent health authorities by calling the dedicated helplines.

4. If, on arrival in Italy, any passengers travelling to the country in accordance with paragraph 3 above, find that they are unable, for whichever reason, to effectively travel to the address of supervised self-isolation,



specified at departure, by private transport, and without prejudice to the determination, by the competent judicial authority, of any misrepresentation in the declaration form presented at boarding, in accordance with paragraph 1(b) above, the competent local health authorities shall immediately notify the competent Regional Civil Protection authorities, which - acting in coordination with the Civil Protection Department of the Presidency of the Council of Ministers - shall decide how and where the persons concerned, at their sole expense, shall spend the period of supervised self-isolation. If they subsequently develop COVID-19 symptoms, they will be obliged to promptly report the situation to the competent health authorities by calling the dedicated helplines.

5. Without prejudice to the provisions of article 1(4) and (5) of Decree Law No. 33 of 2020, and article 6 herein, all persons entering Italy by private transport, even if asymptomatic, are obliged to immediately notify their arrival in Italy to the Disease Prevention Department of the local health authorities, competent for the location where they will be spending the period of supervised self-isolation, and shall be subject to supervised self-isolation for a period of fourteen days, at the address specified in the same communication. If they subsequently develop COVID-19 symptoms, they will be obliged to promptly report the situation to the competent health authorities by calling the dedicated helplines.

6. In the case referred to in paragraph 5 above, if it proves impossible to travel to the address given for the supervised self-isolation, the persons concerned shall notify the competent health authorities, which shall forthwith inform the competent Regional Civil Protection authorities, which - acting in coordination with the Civil Protection Department of the Presidency of the Council of Ministers - shall decide how and where the persons concerned shall spend the period of supervised self-isolation, at the sole expense of the said persons.

7. Except in the case of the development of COVID-19 symptoms during the period of supervised self-isolation, pursuant to the preceding paragraphs, the persons concerned by the said measures are free to decide to spend the period of supervised self-isolation at a different address, albeit for a new fourteen day period, provided that they present to the competent health authorities the declaration form referred to in paragraph 1(b) above, also specifying the route they intend to take to the new address and ensuring that they move to the new address in accordance with the said paragraph 1(b). On receiving any such communication, the competent health authorities shall forward it forthwith to the Disease Prevention Department of the health authorities competent for the new location of supervised self-isolation, for the relevant checks and controls.

8. Acting on the basis of the communication referred to in the preceding paragraph, the public health provider and the competent local public health services shall implement the procedures as follows, in relation to the supervised self-isolation. In particular, they shall:

(a) make telephone calls and collect the most detailed and documented information possible on where the person concerned stayed and the route travelled during the previous 14 days, to adequately assess the risks of exposure;

(b) once the supervised self-isolation has commenced, the public health provider shall also inform the general practitioner or paediatrician providing care to the person concerned, also in relation to any certification for INPS purposes (INPS HERMES circular 0000716 of 25 February 2020);

(c) where certification for INPS purposes is required for justifying absence from work, send a letter to the INPS, the employer and the general practitioner or paediatrician, to the effect that the person has been placed under precautionary quarantine for public health reasons, specifying the start and end dates;

(d) establish that the quarantined person, and any other members of the household, has not developed a fever or other symptoms;

(e) inform the person concerned about the symptoms, the degree of contagiousness, the manner of transmission of the disease, and the measures to be taken to protect the members of the household should any symptoms arise;

(f) inform the person concerned about the need to measure the body temperature twice a day (morning and evening) and to:

- (1) remain self-isolated for fourteen days from the last exposure;
- (2) avoid any social contact;
- (3) avoid going out or travelling;
- (4) be always contactable by the supervisory authorities;
- (g) in the case of symptoms arising, the supervised person must:
  - (1) immediately notify the general practitioner or paediatrician and the public health provider;
  - (2) wear the surgical mask provided at the start of the health procedure and isolate from the other members of the household;
  - (3) stay in a separate room with the door closed, ensuring adequate natural ventilation, pending removal to the hospital, if necessary;
- (h) the public health provider shall contact the supervised person on a daily basis, to collect information on their health conditions. If the symptoms of COVID-19 develop, and after having consulted with the general practitioner or paediatrician, the public health doctor shall proceed in accordance with the provisions of Circular 5443 of the Ministry of Health of 22 February 2020, as amended and supplemented.

9. The provisions of paragraphs 1 to 8 above shall not apply to:

- (a) the crew of the means of transport;
- (b) the travel staff members;
- (c) citizens and residents of the European Union, the Member States to the Schengen Area, Andorra, the Principality of Monaco, the Republic of San Marino, the Vatican City State and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland entering Italy for proven work reasons;
- (d) any health personnel entering Italy to practise their professional qualifications, also on a temporary basis, as referred to in Article 13 of Decree-Law No. 18 of 17 March 2020;
- (e) cross-border workers entering and leaving the country for proven work reasons and who then return to their place of residence, home or dwelling;
- (f) the employees of companies and organizations with their registered office or secondary headquarters in Italy, who are travelling abroad for proven work reasons for no more than 120 hours,
- (g) travel to / from the Republic of San Marino or the Vatican City State;
- (h) the officials and other servants, however described, of the European Union or international organisations, diplomatic agents, administrative and technical staff of diplomatic missions, officials and consular officers, military personnel in the exercise of their functions;
- (i) the pupils and students attending a study programme in a Country other than their Country of residence, home or dwelling, to which they return on a daily basis or at least once a week.

10. In extraordinary cases, specific and temporary derogations from the provisions of this article are allowed, albeit only if required to protect citizens abroad and to fulfil international and European obligations, including those arising from the implementation of Council Directive (EU) 2015/637 of 20 April 2015 on the coordination and cooperation measures to facilitate consular protection for unrepresented citizens of the Union in third countries and repealing Decision 95/553/EC, by decree of the Minister of Infrastructure and Transport, adopted on the proposal of the Minister of Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation and in agreement with the Minister of Health.

## **Article 5**

### **Transit passengers and short-term visits to Italy**

1. Notwithstanding the provisions of article 4 and exclusively for proven work reasons, in accordance with article 1(4) of Decree Law No. 33 of 2020, for a period not exceeding 120 hours passengers travelling to Italy by air, sea, inland waterway, rail or land, are required to present a declaration form to the transport carrier, at boarding and for the purposes of establishing eligibility, in accordance with Articles 46 and 47 of Presidential Decree No. 445 of 28 December 2000, specifying the following information, in a clear and detailed manner, so as to enable the carrier or ship owner to verify:

- (a) the reasons for travelling, in accordance with Article 1(4) of Decree-Law No. 33 of 2020 or Article 6 of this decree;
- (b) the full address or addresses, in Italy, where the person concerned will be staying, and the private transport utilised to reach the said address(es) from the place of landing;
- (c) a (land and/or mobile) telephone number, for receiving any communications during the period of time spent in Italy.

2. The person referred to in the preceding paragraph 1 shall undertake the following obligations:

- (a) at the end of the period of stay specified pursuant to paragraph 1(a) above, they must leave the country forthwith, failing which they will be subject to a fourteen-day period of supervised self-isolation at the address specified in accordance with paragraph 1(b) above;
- (b) if COVID-19 symptoms develop, the person concerned shall promptly report the situation to the Disease Prevention Department of the competent local health authority, using the dedicated helplines, and self-isolate, pending a decision by the health authorities.

3. Before boarding, transport carriers and ship owners shall be required to collect and check the forms referred to in paragraph 1 above, and to check their body temperature of each passenger, denying boarding to any passengers showing a fever or presenting an incomplete form. They are also required to adopt the measures, in accordance with the "Shared regulatory protocol for the containment of the spread of Covid-19 in the transport and logistics sector" signed on 20 March 2020 and referred to in Annex 14, as well as the "Guidelines for information to users and procedures for the containment of the spread of Covid-19" referred to in Annex 15, for ensuring social distancing of at least one metre between the passengers at all times during the journey, as well as the use of personal protective equipment (PPE) by the crew and passengers, also indicating any circumstances in which such PPE may be temporarily and extraordinarily removed. The carrier shall provide PPE to any passengers without it before boarding.

4. Persons travelling to Italy, for the reasons and in the manner set forth in paragraph 1, even if asymptomatic, are obliged to forthwith contact and notify their arrival to the Disease Prevention Department of the competent local health authorities, depending on their point of arrival in the country.

5. Notwithstanding the provisions of article 4 and exclusively for only the reasons referred to in article 1, paragraph 4, of the decree-law n. 33 of 2020, for a period not exceeding 120 hours, persons entering the country by private transport are required to forthwith notify their arrival in the country to the Disease Prevention Department of the competent local health authorities, depending on their point of arrival, and to also present a declaration form, in accordance with Articles 46 and 47 of Presidential Decree No. 445 of 28 December 2000, specifying the following information, in a clear and detailed manner, so as to enable the competent authorities to verify:

- (a) the reasons for travelling, in accordance with Article 1(4) of Decree-Law No. 33 of 2020 or Article 6 of this decree;
- (b) the full address or addresses, in Italy, where the person concerned will be staying, and the private transport utilised to reach the said address(es);
- (c) a (land and/or mobile) telephone number, for receiving any communications during the period of time spent in Italy.

6. The person referred to in the preceding paragraph 5 shall undertake the following obligations:

- (a) at the end of the period of stay, they must leave the country forthwith, failing which they will be subject to a fourteen-day period of supervised self-isolation at the address specified in the said declaration;
- (b) if COVID-19 symptoms develop, the person concerned shall promptly report the situation to the Disease Prevention Department of the competent local health authority, using the dedicated helplines, and self-isolate, pending a decision by the health authorities.

7. In the case of land transport, transit through in Italy with a private vehicle is authorised, also to reach another (EU or non-EU) State, subject however to the obligation to forthwith notify arrival in the country to

the Disease Prevention Department of the competent health authorities, depending on the point of entry, and, if COVID-19 symptoms develop, to promptly report the situation to the health authorities using the dedicated helplines. The maximum authorised period of stay in Italy is 36 hours,. Failure to leave beyond the authorised period above shall entail a period of supervised self-isolation, with mandatory communication, pursuant to article 4(6) and (7).

8. In the case of air transport, the obligations referred to in paragraphs 1, 2 and 4 above, as well as those in article 4(1) and (3), do not apply to transit passengers with final destination in another (EU or non-EU) State, although, in the event of the development of COVID-19 symptoms, the obligation remains to promptly report to the Disease Prevention Department of the competent local health authority, using the dedicated helplines, and to self-isolate, pending a decision by the health authorities. Passengers in transit with final destination in another (EU or non-EU) State, or other Italian location, are still nevertheless required:

(a) for the purposes of access to the transport services into Italy, to present to the carrier, before boarding, a declaration form in accordance with articles 46 and 47 of Presidential Decree No. 445 of 28 December 2000, specifying the following information, in a clear and detailed manner, so as to enable the carrier or ship owner to verify:

(1) the reasons for travelling to and the length of stay in Italy;

(2) the final destination in Italy or other (EU or non-EU) State, number of the ticket and transport used to reach the final destination;

(3) the (land and/or mobile) telephone number at which the person concerned may receive any communications, during the period of time spent in Italy;

(b) not to leave the dedicated areas inside the airport.

9. In the case of air transport, passengers in transit with a final destination in Italy shall present the declaration form referred to in paragraph 4 above, or as provided in article 4(3), upon arrival at their final destination, to the Disease Prevention Department of the local health authorities competent for this location. Also, for the purposes of article 4(4), the final destination is considered as the place of landing of the scheduled means of transport used to travel to Italy.

10. The provisions of this article shall not apply to:

(a) the crew of the means of transport;

(b) the travel staff members;

(c) citizens and residents of the European Union, the Member States to the Schengen Area, Andorra, the Principality of Monaco, the Republic of San Marino, the Vatican City State and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland entering Italy for proven work reasons;

(d) any health personnel entering Italy to practise their professional qualifications, also on a temporary basis, as referred to in Article 13 of Decree-Law No. 18 of 17 March 2020;

(e) cross-border workers entering and leaving the country for proven work reasons and who then return to their place of residence, home or dwelling;

(f) the employees of companies and organizations with their registered office or secondary headquarters in Italy, who are travelling abroad for proven work reasons for no more than 120 hours,;

(g) travel to / from the Republic of San Marino or the Vatican City State;

(h) the officials and other servants, however described, of the European Union or international organisations, diplomatic agents, administrative and technical staff of diplomatic missions, officials and consular officers, military personnel in the exercise of their functions;

(i) the pupils and students attending a study programme in a Country other than their Country of residence, home or dwelling, to which they return on a daily basis or at least once a week.

11. In extraordinary cases, specific and temporary derogations from the provisions of this article are allowed, albeit only if required to protect citizens abroad and to fulfil international and European obligations, including those arising from the implementation of Council Directive (EU) 2015/637 of 20 April 2015 on the coordination and cooperation measures to facilitate consular protection for unrepresented

citizens of the Union in third countries and repealing Decision 95/553/EC, by decree of the Minister of Infrastructure and Transport, adopted on the proposal of the Minister of Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation and in agreement with the Minister of Health.

## **Article 6**

### **Further provisions on travelling to and from Italy**

1. Subject to the restrictions on specific areas of the country, in accordance with Article 1(3) of Decree-Law No. 33 of 2020 and to the bans on travel from certain countries and geographical areas, pursuant to Article 1(4) of Decree-Law No. 33 of 2020, there shall be no restrictions on travel to and from the following States:

- (a) Member States of the European Union;
- (b) Member States to the Schengen Area;
- (c) United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland;
- (d) Andorra, Principality of Monaco;
- (e) Republic of San Marino and the Vatican City State.

2. Until June 30th, travel to and from countries and geographical areas other than those referred to in paragraph 1 shall be banned, except for proven work reasons, absolute necessity or health needs. In any case, travel to one's domicile, home or place of residence shall be allowed.

3. Articles 4 and 5 shall apply exclusively to persons travelling to Italy from foreign countries or geographical areas other than those referred to in paragraph 1, or who were living there in the 14 days prior to entering Italy.

## **Article 7**

### **Provisions applying to cruise ships and foreign-flagged ships**

1. All cruise services operated by Italian-flagged vessels are currently suspended, as part of the measures to contain the spread of COVID-19.

2. Therefore, ship management companies, ship owners and ship captains of Italian-flagged passenger vessels operating cruise services are prohibited from embarking passengers, other than those already on board, effective from the date of entry into force of this decree and until the end of the ongoing cruise.

3. After having completed the health prevention measures required by the competent authorities, the ship management companies, ship owners and ship captains of Italian-flagged passenger vessels operating cruise services shall disembark all passengers on board at the terminal port of the cruise, unless they had already disembarked at previous ports.

4. Upon disembarkation in an Italian port:

- (a) passengers who are resident or domiciled or habitually live in Italy, shall forthwith notify their arrival in Italy to the Disease Prevention Department of the competent local health authorities and shall be subject to a fourteen-day period of supervised self-isolation at their address in Italy. If they develop COVID-19 symptoms they shall promptly notify the health authorities using the dedicated helplines;
- (b) passengers who are Italian nationals but live abroad shall forthwith notify their arrival in Italy to the Disease Prevention Department of the competent local health authorities and shall be subject to a fourteen day period of supervised self-isolation at the address specified by them upon disembarkation in Italy to the said Departments; alternatively, they may ask to be immediately transferred - by air or road - to a foreign destination, at the ship owner's expense. If they develop COVID-19 symptoms they shall promptly notify the health authorities using the dedicated helplines;
- (c) passengers of foreign nationality who reside abroad shall be immediately transferred to a foreign destination at the ship owner's expense.

5. The passengers referred to in paragraphs 4(a) and (b) above shall return to their home address in Italy, or to the address specified at disembarkation, exclusively by private transport.
6. Unless otherwise required by the health authorities, if at least one case of COVID-19 is found on board, any contact-traced passengers, within the meaning defined by the health authorities, shall be required to self-isolate under supervision at the location specified by them in Italy, or transferred forthwith to a foreign destination, by means of protected and dedicated transport, at the ship owner's expense.
7. The provisions of paragraphs 4 and 6 above also apply to the crew, depending on their nationality, which, however - and subject to authorisation of the health authorities – may be placed under supervised self-isolation on board the ship.
8. Ships flying the foreign flag used in cruise services are allowed to enter Italian ports only for the purpose of idle parking.
9. In extraordinary cases, specific and temporary derogations from the provisions of this article are allowed, albeit only if required to protect citizens abroad and to fulfil international and European obligations, including those arising from the implementation of Council Directive (EU) 2015/637 of 20 April 2015 on the coordination and cooperation measures to facilitate consular protection for unrepresented citizens of the Union in third countries and repealing Decision 95/553/EC, by decree of the Minister of Infrastructure and Transport, adopted on the proposal of the Minister of Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation and in agreement with the Minister of Health.

#### **Article 8**

##### **Measures regarding scheduled public transport**

1. In order to counter and contain the spread of the COVID-19 virus, scheduled public transport services by land, sea, rail, air, lake and inland waterway shall be carried out, also on the basis of the "Common protocol regulating the measures to contain the spread of COVID-19 in the transport and logistics sector" signed on 20 March 2020, as set out in Annex 14, and the "Guidelines for user information and organisational procedures for containing the spread of Covid-19", as set out in Annex 15.
2. In relation to the new organisational or functional requirements, the Minister of Infrastructure and Transport may, by decree, supplement or amend the "Guidelines for user information and organisational procedures for containing the dissemination of covid-19" and, subject to agreement with the signatories, the "Common protocol regulating the measures to contain the spread of covid-19 in the transport and logistics sector" signed on 20 March 2020.

#### **Art. 9**

##### **Further specific provisions for the disabled**

1. The social and social and healthcare services provided under authorisation or by agreement, including those provided in or by semi-residential centres for the disabled, however denominated, specialising in social care, social educational, multi-functional, social occupational, healthcare and social healthcare services shall be reactivated on the basis of regional plans, adopted by the Regions, ensuring through specific protocols compliance with the provisions for the prevention of contagion and the protection of the health of both patients and staff.
2. Persons with motor disabilities or autistic spectrum disorders, intellectual or sensory disabilities or psychiatric and behavioural problems or dependent persons who need for support, may reduce social distancing with the persons accompanying them or their carers or care staff, whatever their capacity, below the required distance.

**Art. 10**  
**Implementing and monitoring the measures**

1. The competent prefect, by informing the Minister of the Interior in advance, shall ensure the implementation of the measures referred to in this decree and shall monitor the implementation of the remaining measures by the competent administrations. The prefect shall be assisted by the law enforcement forces, and, where necessary, by the firefighting forces and, with regard to health and safety at work, by the National Labour Inspectorate and the *Carabinieri* unit for workplace safety, as well as, where necessary, the armed forces, after consulting with the competent local commands, notifying the President of the region or autonomous province concerned

**Article 11**  
**Final provisions**

1. The provisions of this decree shall enter into effect on 15 June 2020 and replace those of the Decree of the President of the Council of Ministers of 26 April 2020, until 17 May 2020.
2. The effectiveness of this decree is nevertheless subject to any different terms relating to the individual measures provided for herein as well as the provisions of article 1 letter e).
3. The provisions of this decree apply to the special-status Regions and to the Autonomous Provinces of Trento and Bolzano, in accordance with their respective statutes and implementing rules.

Rome, 11 June 2020

THE PRESIDENT OF THE COUNCIL OF MINISTERS

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH