	G7 FOOD SECURITY WO					
	FINANCIAL REP					
FOOD SECURITY AND NUTRITION UNION						
		IOR Z.I				
station (1997) (Percentage of G7 member programmes on agriculture and rural development that include objectives and expected results to increase the incomes of smallholder farmers Data Source:	61 programmes/95 programmes = 64%				
	G7 self-reporting by G7 members					
	INDICA	TOR 2.2				
Q	Percentage of resources committed to agriculture that include specific gender objectives	Marker 1: USD million 451.35/549.08 = 82.2% Marker 2: USD million 21.18/549.08 = 4%				
	Data Source: OECD DAC database (OECD Stat)					
	INDICA	TOR 2.3				
	G7 donors' performance standards for ODA-supported investment instruments are reviewed to be aligned with the VGGT and the Principles for Responsible Investment in Agriculture and Food Systems Data Source: Self-reporting by G7 members	Review has taken place and standards are aligned with the VGCT and the Principles				
	INDICA	FOR 2.4				
	Percentage of resources committed to agriculture that include climate adaptation and/ or mitigation objectives	Adaptation 1+2: USD million 231.63/525.01 = 44.12% Mitigation 1+2: USD million 93.00/525.01 = 17.71%				
	Data Sources: OECD DAC database (OECD stat)					
	INDICA ⁻	TOR 2.5				
Ő	Resources committed to nutrition- specific and nutrition-sensitive interventions	Nutrition specific: USD million 58.79 (increase by 30.9%)				
	Data Sources: - Self-reporting based on N4G/SUN tracking of nutrition spending - OECD DAC database (CRS Code 12240)	Nutrition sensitive: USD million 547.64 (decrease by 1.8%)				
	INDICA	FOR 2.6				
- Ster	G7 strategic focus to strengthen linkages between short-, medium- and long-term food security and nutrition support/programmes and to enhance transition between relief and development	Process of strategy development ongoing				
N	Data Sources: Self-reporting by G7 members	▲ ▲				
	INDICA					
2 MO HUNGER	G7 governments have provided technical support and/or funding to improve and/or expand capacities to collect, analyze, and/or use food security and nutrition indicators in support of SDG2 targets	Programmes ongoing				
	Data Source: Self-reporting by C7 members	***				
	INDICA	FOR 3.1				
	G7 members Direct Assistance for agriculture, fishing, food security and nutrition	Total Disbursement: USD million 1,071.21				
Y	Data Source: Self-reporting by C7 members					
	INDICA	TOR 3.2				
	G7 members other assistance with explicit objectives to improve people's food security and/or nutrition	Total Disbursement: USD million 20.04				
B	Data Source: Self-reporting by G7 members					

FIN.		WORKING GRC	EUROPEAN 🧩 🍾				
G72017 ITALIA FOOD SECURITY AND NUTRITION UNION							
Definition	Tł	nresholds CATOR 2.1	Notes/Remarks				
Number of committed G7 agriculture and Rural development programmes (CRS Code 311, 32161, 312,313, 43040) in partner countries with objectives and expected results to increase incomes of smallholders	★★★↓25	ss than 25% 5-50% hore than 25%	These are the number of contracts referring to 2015 decisions (committments) and signed since 2015 for the requested DAC codes. In this indicator are not included contracts for a total amount of 531648 Euros and referring to the following countries: Turkey. Serbia.Montenegro, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia. Kosovo, Bosnia and Herzegovina (instrument IPA) and China (instrument INSCP). These programmes are instead contained in the OECD data for EU 2015 committments. Any of the programmes not included refers to small-holders support. In some contracts, support to small-farmers/ small producers was not the main objective of the action but it was a component/subcomponent of a broader action – for ex. in some actions				
	INDI	CATOR 2.2	supporting value chain development in Bananas and sugar sectors.				
Volume of commitments dedicated to CRS Code 310 (i.e. 311, 312, 313) that is targeted at gender equality and women's empowerment (OECD DAC marker for Gender equality and women's empowerment 1 or 2), divided by total volume of commitments dedicated to CRS Code 310 (i.e. 311, 312, 313); Multiplied by 100	 ★ ↓ ↓	es than 30% with Marker 1 d 2 50% with Marker 1 and 2, th more than 0% with arker 2 ore than 50% with Marker 1 d 2, with at least 5% with arker 2 ("Principal") CATOR 2.3					
		CATOR 2.5 review of consistency with GT and the Principles	The AgriFI - Agriculture for Financing Initiative, launched in 2015,				
Performance standards for ODA-supported investment instruments are reviewed to be aligned with the VGCT and the Principles for Responsible Investment in Ag and Food Systems.	Resource on the state of the st	GT and the Principles view process started and going view has taken place and andards are aligned with e VGGT nd the Principles	applies the RAI in FNS&SA "loans". Moreover, the EU has developed the Value chain for Development (VCA4D) analysis, which determines the interventions on value chain and private sector development. The methodology takes into account also the usse of land and water rights- reference to the need of considering the VGGTs. transparency and consultation, compensation In Ethiopia we are supporting the government in managing local investments in compliance withe the VGGT. Furthermore, we are supporting in 19 partner countries the implementation of the VGGT.				
		CATOR 2.4					
Volume of commitments dedicated to CRS Code 311 that is targeted at climate adaptation and / or mitigation (OECD DAC marker climate change adaptation 1 or 2; mitigation 1 or 2), divided by total volume of commitments dedicated to CRS Code 311; Multiplied by 100	Ad Ma 20 or Ad Ad	ss than 20% with laptation and/ or Mitigation arker 1 and 2 0-40% with Adaptation and/ Mitigation Marker 1 and 2 ore than 40% with Japtation and/ or Mitigation arker 1 and 2					
	INDI	CATOR 2.5					
Absolute levels of commitments for nutrition- specific interventions and Percentage change compared to baseline Absolute levels of commitments for nutrition- sensitive interventions and Percentage change compared to baseline (Nutrition-sensitive: methodology applied according to/equivalent with "SUN DONOR NETWORK Methodology and Guidance Note to Track Global Investments in Nutrition")	by res ★★ Sar	crease in commitments 10% or more with spect to 2015 me level of 2015 crease in commitments 10% or more with respect 2015					
	INDI	CATOR 2.6					
Existence (in G7 members administrations) of a multi-sectoral strategy to strengthen linkages between short- medium- and long-term food security and nutrition support, and its implementation exist or not.	Pro de	o strategy ocess of strategy velopment ongoing rategy developed and eing implemented	Approach being updated to strenghen resilience .among others, in protracted food crisis areas (such as Sahel and Horn of Africa). This approach is "operationalized" for example through the Global Alliance for Resilience Initiatives (AGIR) interventions and also through the Global Network For Food Insecurity Risk Reduction (including the Global analysis of food and nutrition security situation in food crisis hotspots), which was established on 2016				
INDICATOR 2.7							
Existence of specific programmes/projects aiming at expanding capacities to collect, analyze, and/or use food security and nutrition indicators in support of SDG2 targets	Prc	programmes ogrammes under definition ogrammes ongoing	Improving Agricultural statistics in Africa: support to the Global strategy (budegt USD 8.319.467 - Euros 7.500.000)				
		CATOR 3.1					
Absolute disbursement by G7 members dedicated to CRS Codes 311, 313, 32161, 520, 72040, 12240			This does not include countries under the IPA2 instrument - Europe - and ODA to China (for a total disbursement of approximately 246 Mdollars - 222 millions euros) The ECHO funding corresponds to approximately 256 Mdollars - 231. M euros - out of the total (in ECHO assistance also Turkey and Ucrkaine are included)				
INDICATOR 3.2 Disbursement by G7 members dedicated to CRS							
Codes 112, 12220, 12261, 12281, 13020, 140, 16010, 16050, 16062, 210, 23040, 24030, 24040, 25010, 312, 32165, 32267, 41010, 41030, 43030, 43040, 73010, 74010 with KEYWORDS SEARCH APPROACH							



G7 FOOD SECURITY WORKING GROUP FINANCIAL REPORT ON FOOD SECURITY AND NUTRITION

(data 2015)

EUROPEAN

UNION

			Million USD
FAO	Core	(92 %)	0.33
	Earmarkec	voluntary contributions *	-
WFP	Core	(91 %)	-
	Earmarked	voluntary contributions *	-
WHO	Core	(2%)	-
	Earmarked	l voluntary contributions *	-
UNICEF	Core	(11 %)	-
CHICLI	Earmarked	voluntary contributions *	-
CGIAR	Core	(55%)	-
COLAR	Earmarked	voluntary contributions *	-
IFAD	Core	(82%)	-
	Earmarked	voluntary contributions *	-
	WB Core	(2%)	-
World Bank		riculture and Food Security Program ctor Window)	-
Group	IFC (Private Investmen	e Sector Window and Agribusiness at)	-
	Earmarkec	voluntary contributions *	-
AfDB	Core	(12 %)	-
AIDD	Earmarked	l voluntary contributions *	-
ADB	Core	(8%)	-
	Earmarked	d voluntary contributions *	-
IDB	Core	(2%)	
	Earmarkec	voluntary contributions *	-
EBRD	Core	(2%)	
	Earmarked	voluntary contributions *	-
Others*	Earmarkec	d voluntary contributions *	-

* As explained in the G7 FSWG Chair's Report: Financial Report on Food Security and Nutrition, the G7 will report on Earmarked Voluntary Contributions for the year 2015 as soon as possible, after internal clarifications on an agreed common methodology. Therefore, this report does not portrait G7 Partners' financial contributions to multilateral organizations in full.