



INDICATOR 2.1



Percentage of G7 member programmes on agriculture and rural development that include objectives and expected results to increase the incomes of smallholder farmers

Data Source:
G7 self-reporting by G7 members

61 programmes/95 programmes = **64%**



INDICATOR 2.2



Percentage of resources committed to agriculture that include specific gender objectives

Data Source:
OECD DAC database (OECD Stat)

Marker 1: USD million 451.35/549.08 = **82.2%**

Marker 2: USD million 21.18/549.08 = **4%**



INDICATOR 2.3



G7 donors' performance standards for ODA-supported investment instruments are reviewed to be aligned with the VGGT and the Principles for Responsible Investment in Agriculture and Food Systems

Data Source:
Self-reporting by G7 members

Review has taken place and standards are aligned with the VGGT and the Principles



INDICATOR 2.4



Percentage of resources committed to agriculture that include climate adaptation and/or mitigation objectives

Data Sources:
OECD DAC database (OECD stat)

Adaptation 1+2: USD million 231.63/525.01 = **44.12%**

Mitigation 1+2: USD million 93.00/525.01 = **17.71%**



INDICATOR 2.5



Resources committed to nutrition- specific and nutrition-sensitive interventions

Data Sources:
- Self-reporting based on N4G/SUN tracking of nutrition spending
- OECD DAC database (CRS Code 12240)

Nutrition specific: USD million 58.79 (increase by 30.9%)

Nutrition sensitive: USD million 547.64 (decrease by 1.8%)



INDICATOR 2.6



G7 strategic focus to strengthen linkages between short-, medium- and long-term food security and nutrition support/programmes and to enhance transition between relief and development

Data Sources:
Self-reporting by G7 members

Process of strategy development ongoing



INDICATOR 2.7



G7 governments have provided technical support and/or funding to improve and/or expand capacities to collect, analyze, and/or use food security and nutrition indicators in support of SDG2 targets

Data Source:
Self-reporting by G7 members

Programmes ongoing



INDICATOR 3.1



G7 members Direct Assistance for agriculture, fishing, food security and nutrition

Data Source:
Self-reporting by G7 members

Total Disbursement: USD million **1,071.21**

INDICATOR 3.2



G7 members other assistance with explicit objectives to improve people's food security and/or nutrition

Data Source:
Self-reporting by G7 members

Total Disbursement: USD million **194.74**

Definition	Thresholds INDICATOR 2.1	Notes/Remarks
<p>Number of committed G7 agriculture and Rural development programmes (CRS Code 311, 32161, 312,313, 43040) in partner countries with objectives and expected results to increase incomes of smallholders</p>	<p>★ less than 25%</p> <p>★★ 25-50%</p> <p>★★★ more than 25%</p>	<p>These are the number of contracts referring to 2015 decisions (commitments) and signed since 2015 for the requested DAC codes. In this indicator are not included contracts for a total amount of 531648 Euros and referring to the following countries: Turkey, Serbia, Montenegro, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Kosovo, Bosnia and Herzegovina (instrument IPA) and China (instrument INSCP). These programmes are instead contained in the OECD data for EU 2015 commitments. Any of the programmes not included refers to small-holders support. In some contracts, support to small-farmers/small producers was not the main objective of the action but it was a component/subcomponent of a broader action - for ex. in some actions supporting value chain development in Bananas and sugar sectors.</p>
INDICATOR 2.2		
<p>Volume of commitments dedicated to CRS Code 310 (i.e. 311, 312, 313) that is targeted at gender equality and women's empowerment (OECD DAC marker for Gender equality and women's empowerment 1 or 2), divided by total volume of commitments dedicated to CRS Code 310 (i.e. 311, 312, 313); Multiplied by 100</p>	<p>★ less than 30% with Marker 1 and 2</p> <p>★★ 30-50% with Marker 1 and 2, with more than 0% with Marker 2</p> <p>★★★ more than 50% with Marker 1 and 2, with at least 5% with Marker 2 ("Principal")</p>	
INDICATOR 2.3		
<p>Performance standards for ODA-supported investment instruments are reviewed to be aligned with the VGGT and the Principles for Responsible Investment in Ag and Food Systems.</p>	<p>★ No review of consistency with VGGT and the Principles</p> <p>★★ Review process started and ongoing</p> <p>★★★ Review has taken place and standards are aligned with the VGGT</p> <p>★★★★ ... and the Principles</p>	<p>The AgriFI - Agriculture for Financing Initiative, launched in 2015, applies the RAI in FNS&SA "loans". Moreover, the EU has developed the Value chain for Development (VCA4D) analysis, which determines the interventions on value chain and private sector development. The methodology takes into account also the use of land and water rights-reference to the need of considering the VGGTs, transparency and consultation, compensation - . In Ethiopia we are supporting the government in managing local investments in compliance with the VGGT. Furthermore, we are supporting in 19 partner countries the implementation of the VGGT.</p>
INDICATOR 2.4		
<p>Volume of commitments dedicated to CRS Code 311 that is targeted at climate adaptation and / or mitigation (OECD DAC marker climate change adaptation 1 or 2; mitigation 1 or 2) , divided by total volume of commitments dedicated to CRS Code 311; Multiplied by 100</p>	<p>★ less than 20% with Adaptation and/ or Mitigation Marker 1 and 2</p> <p>★★ 20-40% with Adaptation and/ or Mitigation Marker 1 and 2</p> <p>★★★ more than 40% with Adaptation and/ or Mitigation Marker 1 and 2</p>	
INDICATOR 2.5		
<p>Absolute levels of commitments for nutrition-specific interventions and Percentage change compared to baseline Absolute levels of commitments for nutrition-sensitive interventions and Percentage change compared to baseline (Nutrition-sensitive: methodology applied according to/equivalent with "SUN DONOR NETWORK Methodology and Guidance Note to Track Global Investments in Nutrition")</p>	<p>★ Decrease in commitments by 10% or more with respect to 2015</p> <p>★★ Same level of 2015</p> <p>★★★ Increase in commitments by 10% or more with respect to 2015</p>	
INDICATOR 2.6		
<p>Existence (in G7 members administrations) of a multi-sectoral strategy to strengthen linkages between short- medium- and long-term food security and nutrition support, and its implementation exist or not.</p>	<p>★ No strategy</p> <p>★★ Process of strategy development ongoing</p> <p>★★★ Strategy developed and being implemented</p>	<p>Approach being updated to strengthen resilience ,among others, in protracted food crisis areas (such as Sahel and Horn of Africa). This approach is "operationalized" for example through the Global Alliance for Resilience Initiatives (AGIR) interventions and also through the Global Network For Food Insecurity Risk Reduction (including the Global analysis of food and nutrition security situation in food crisis hotspots), which was established on 2016</p>
INDICATOR 2.7		
<p>Existence of specific programmes/projects aiming at expanding capacities to collect, analyze, and/or use food security and nutrition indicators in support of SDG2 targets</p>	<p>★ No programmes</p> <p>★★ Programmes under definition</p> <p>★★★ Programmes ongoing</p>	<p>Improving Agricultural statistics in Africa: support to the Global strategy (budegt USD 8.319.467 - Euros 7.500.000)</p>
INDICATOR 3.1		
<p>Absolute disbursement by G7 members dedicated to CRS Codes 311, 313, 32161, 520, 72040, 12240</p>		<p>This does not include countries under the IPA2 instrument - Europe - and ODA to China (for a total disbursement of approximately 246 Mdollars - 222 millions euros) The ECHO funding corresponds to approximately 256 Mdollars - 231. M euros - out of the total (in ECHO assistance also Turkey and Ukraine are included)</p>
INDICATOR 3.2		
<p>Disbursement by G7 members dedicated to CRS Codes 112, 12220, 12261, 12281, 13020, 140, 16010, 16050, 16062, 210, 23040, 24030, 24040, 25010, 312, 32165, 32267, 41010, 41030, 43030, 43040, 73010, 74010 with KEYWORDS SEARCH APPROACH</p>		



Million USD

FAO	Core (92 %)	0.33
	Earmarked voluntary contributions *	-
WFP	Core (91 %)	-
	Earmarked voluntary contributions *	-
WHO	Core (2 %)	-
	Earmarked voluntary contributions *	-
UNICEF	Core (11 %)	-
	Earmarked voluntary contributions *	-
CGIAR	Core (55 %)	-
	Earmarked voluntary contributions *	-
IFAD	Core (82 %)	-
	Earmarked voluntary contributions *	-
World Bank Group	WB Core (2 %)	-
	Global Agriculture and Food Security Program (Public Sector Window)	-
	IFC (Private Sector Window and Agribusiness Investment)	-
	Earmarked voluntary contributions *	-
AfDB	Core (12 %)	-
	Earmarked voluntary contributions *	-
ADB	Core (8 %)	-
	Earmarked voluntary contributions *	-
IDB	Core (2 %)	-
	Earmarked voluntary contributions *	-
EBRD	Core (2 %)	-
	Earmarked voluntary contributions *	-
Others*	Earmarked voluntary contributions *	-

* As explained in the G7 FSWG Chair's Report: Financial Report on Food Security and Nutrition, the G7 will report on Earmarked Voluntary Contributions for the year 2015 as soon as possible, after internal clarifications on an agreed common methodology. Therefore, this report does not portray G7 Partners' financial contributions to multilateral organizations in full.