

7. Progetto:
“The Global Quest for Strategic Autonomy in Cyberspace: Between Cyber Power and Geopolitical Competition”

Dossier

Governing Cyberspace: Geopolitics and the Role of Diplomacy, a cura di Luigi Martino, 14 settembre 2021

The unprecedented number of cyber-attacks that have rocked some of the world's biggest companies and government agencies over the last few years makes cyber diplomacy one of the most urgent issues of the century.

However, catching up to disruptive technologies while curbing military escalation in cyberspace presents both opportunities and obstacles.

How do the US' and Russia's different perceptions of cyberthreats limit the scope of cyber diplomacy? Is there any room for multilateralism in cyberspace? What role – if any – will non-state actors play in cyber diplomacy negotiations?

<https://www.ispionline.it/it/pubblicazione/geopolitics-regulating-cyberspace-31329>

Cyberspace and Geopolitics: Capacity Building as a Tool for International Security, a cura di Luigi Martino, 7 giugno 2022

Capacity building is an approach intrinsically related to diplomatic practices. According to the United Nations, it aims at improving multilateralism by drawing from different capabilities across various areas of interests to enhance cooperation among countries with the purpose of ensuring international peace, security, and stability.

This Dossier addresses one main question: is capacity building a valid solution to enhance multilateralism in cyberspace? If so, which actors ought to be involved in an area where the line between public and private interests is often blurred? Who should be in charge of drafting the cooperation agenda? Which sectors offer a window of opportunity for multilateralism over bilateral agreements?

<https://www.ispionline.it/it/pubblicazione/cyberspace-and-geopolitics-capacity-building-tool-international-security-35379>

EU and US: Cyber Friends or Digital Foes?, a cura di Alberto Guidi, 17 giugno 2022

Sanctions to Russia forbidding the import of dual-use technology have highlighted the importance of reliable supply chains and strategic autonomy in high-tech sectors. The quest for this digital sovereignty has led the EU to recently announce a Strategic Compass to better coordinate its capacity building in the physical and digital spheres. Brussels has also launched the European Chips Act to become a leading player in the semiconductor industry. Are these initiatives enough to better position the European Union in the global technological competition?

And above all, how do they define technological cooperation and competition with the United States? These questions became even more topical after the Trade and Technology Council's second meeting last month, which could lay the foundations for transatlantic technological cooperation as opposed to tech autocracies.

<https://www.ispionline.it/it/pubblicazione/eu-and-us-cyber-friends-or-digital-foes-35466>

Evento, 31 maggio 2022, ore 18.00

The World this Week: "**Cyber sicurezza in Europa: siamo pronti a difenderci?**" con la partecipazione di Laura Carpinì (Capo Unità Politiche e Sicurezza dello Spazio Cibernetico, Ministero degli Affari Esteri e Della Cooperazione Internazionale), Carola Frediani (Giornalista, Guerredirete.It); Corrado Giustozzi (Senior Cyber Security Strategist e Senior Partner, Rexilience); Mariangela Pira (Giornalista, Sky Tg24); Andrea Rigoni (Global Government and Public Services Industry Cyber Leader, Deloitte)

I recenti attacchi cibernetici nei confronti di enti governativi e istituzionali italiani ed europei hanno sollevato preoccupazioni per una potenziale guerra informatica, condotta nel più ampio quadro del conflitto tra Russia e Ucraina. Quali sono le effettive minacce per la sicurezza nazionale e dell'Ue? Quali le strategie messe in atto? E quali i modelli cui ispirarsi?

L'evento è stato trasmesso in streaming sulla pagina Facebook, sul canale YouTube e sito dell'ISPI.

<https://www.ispionline.it/it/eventi/evento/cyber-sicurezza-europa-siamo-pronti-difenderci>