



Ministero degli Affari Esteri
e della Cooperazione Internazionale

Direzione Generale
per le Risorse e l'Innovazione
Ufficio V

Concorso, per esami, a 375 posti di collaboratore di amministrazione, contabile e consolare e a 25 posti di collaboratore tecnico per i servizi di informatica, telecomunicazioni e cifra, seconda area F2.

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PROVE SCRITTE

CODICE 02 - PROFILO PROFESSIONALE DI COLLABORATORE TECNICO PER I SERVIZI DI INFORMATICA, TELECOMUNICAZIONI E CIFRA

24 febbraio 2022 – 25 febbraio 2022

PROVE ESTRATTE



TLC Questionario 2

1 - **Quale dei seguenti componenti funzionali non fa parte dell'architettura di Von Neumann?**

- Case.**
- Memoria centrale.
- Memoria di massa.

2 - **Quale è il ruolo del Program Counter all'interno della CPU?**

- Un registro che memorizza l'indirizzo di memoria della prossima istruzione da seguire.**
- Un registro che memorizza l'istruzione da eseguire.
- Un registro che tiene il conteggio delle operazioni eseguite dal programma.

3 - **Quali sono i tre passaggi che si eseguono le ciclo di esecuzione di una istruzione?**

- Fetch, Decode, Execute.**
- Load, Fetch, Execute.
- Input, Execute, Output.

4 - **Nell'architettura di un elaboratore quali sono i BUS che collegano la CPU alla memoria ed alle periferiche?**

- BUS di controllo, BUS indirizzi e BUS dati.**
- BUS di controllo, BUS Memoria e BUS periferiche.
- BUS CPU, BUS, Memoria e BUS Periferiche.

5 - **Cosa è una periferica di input?**

- Un componente esterno al personal computer che funzionalmente invia dati verso l'elaboratore.**
- Un componente esterno al personal computer che funzionalmente riceve e mostra i dati provenienti

dall'elaboratore.

Un componente software che invia dati all'unità centrale di un personal computer.

6 - **Nell'architettura di Von Neumann dati ed istruzioni:**

condividono lo stesso spazio di memoria.

sono contenuti in spazi di memoria separati.

i dati provengono dalle periferiche e le istruzioni dalla memoria di massa.

7 - **Quali di questi non è un vantaggio della virtualizzazione?**

La possibilità di ampliare le risorse hardware di un computer.

La razionalizzazione delle risorse hardware di un computer.

L'ottimizzazione dell'utilizzo delle risorse hardware di un computer.

8 - **Nell'ambito della virtualizzazione, che cosa si intende per hypervisor?**

Un software che consente il funzionamento di più sistemi guest su un unico host.

Un componente hardware che consente il funzionamento di più sistemi guest su un unico host.

Un particolare disco sul quale vengono installate più macchine virtuali.

9 - **Quale è la differenza tra virtualizzazione e cloud computing?**

La virtualizzazione è una tecnologia che consente di creare più ambienti simulati o risorse dedicate da un unico sistema hardware fisico, mentre per cloud si intende un ambiente IT in grado di estrarre, raggruppare e condividere risorse su una rete.

Il cloud è una tecnologia che consente di creare più ambienti simulati o risorse dedicate da un unico sistema hardware fisico, mentre per virtualizzazione si intende un ambiente IT in grado di estrarre, raggruppare e condividere risorse su una rete.

Virtualizzazione e cloud computing sono sinonimi.

10 - **Cosa si intende per scalabilità orizzontale?**

Si parla di scalabilità orizzontale quando si vuole raffigurare la modifica della propria infrastruttura, con l'aggiunta di nuove macchine permettendo di alleggerire i nodi esistenti.

La scalabilità orizzontale si ha quando si vanno ad aggiungere, o a togliere, delle risorse hardware ad un host.

Significa riscrivere il software per avere un risparmio di risorse hardware.

11 - Cosa si intende per Cloud Computing Pubblico?

Si intende una infrastruttura cloud di proprietà di provider di servizi di terze parti, che fornisce le risorse di calcolo, come server e risorse di archiviazione, tramite internet.

Si riferisce alle risorse di un cloud computing usate esclusivamente da una singola azienda o organizzazione.

Si intende un'architettura IT che prevede la presenza di almeno un cloud pubblico e di un cloud privato.

12 - Come è comunemente chiamato il servizio cloud che consiste nell'utilizzo di programmi installati su un server remoto, cioè fuori del computer fisico o dalla LAN locale, spesso attraverso un server web?

SaaS - Software as a Service.

HaaS – Hardware as a Service.

DaaS - Data as a Service.

13 - Cos'è il file system?

Un file system è un sistema di archiviazione su un supporto di memoria che struttura e organizza in modo specifico scrittura, ricerca, lettura, memorizzazione, modifica ed eliminazione dei file.

Un file che contiene informazioni sulle caratteristiche tecniche di un computer.

Un file che permette l'avviamento del sistema operativo.

14 - Quale tra le seguenti non è una componente di un sistema operativo?

BIOS.

Scheduler.

File System.

15 - Quale è il ruolo del gestore della memoria in un sistema operativo?

Gestisce ed assegna la memoria primaria ai processi che ne fanno richiesta.

Gestisce le partizioni del sistema operativo.

Il gestore della memoria non è un componente del sistema operativo.

16 - Cosa è un interrupt?

Un segnale asincrono lanciato da una periferica per segnalare un evento o la disponibilità di un dato.

Una interruzione temporanea del sistema operativo.

Uno speciale tipo di periferica.

17 - L'operazione di POP in uno stack:

Consiste nel prelevare l'ultimo elemento inserito.

Consiste nel prelevare il primo elemento inserito.

Consiste nell'aggiungere in coda un elemento.

18 - Cosa è l'operazione fork?

Una fork in programmazione è la modalità attraverso cui un processo crea in memoria una copia di se stesso.

Una fork in programmazione è una istruzione che elimina un processo attivo.

Una fork in programmazione è un comando analogo al comando if.

19 - In un sistema di comunicazione half-duplex...

la comunicazione avviene nelle due direzioni ma in maniera alternata.

la comunicazione può avvenire soltanto in una direzione.

il canale divide metà banda per una direzione e metà banda per l'altro.

20 - In una rete a commutazione di pacchetto:

l'informazione viene divisa in pacchetti trasmessi individualmente che possono intraprendere nella rete percorsi diversi.

l'informazione viene divisa in pacchetti trasmessi individualmente che devono intraprendere nella rete lo stesso percorso.

è necessaria una connessione dedicata tra la sorgente e la destinazione dei dati.

21 - Nell'ambito della sicurezza delle reti wifi per cosa sta l'acronimo WPA?

Wi-Fi Protected Access.

Wi-Fi Protocol Access.

Wi-Fi Protected Algorithm.

22 - **Quale è la sigla del connettore LAN ethernet?**

- RJ-45.**
- LAN-45.
- RJ-11.

23 - **Quanti sono i livelli del modello ISO/OSI?**

- 7**
- 5
- 3

24 - **Cosa è un protocollo di rete?**

- Un insieme di regole stabilite per instaurare una comunicazione tra 2 o più interlocutori.**
- Un mezzo trasmissivo.
- Uno standard di comunicazione per le sole reti internet.

25 - **Cosa significa l'acronimo del protocollo di rete TCP?**

- Transmission Control Protocol.**
- Transmission Communication Protocol.
- Transmission Control Protection.

26 - **Quale dei seguenti è in protocollo di rete per la gestione della posta elettronica?**

- IMAP.**
- NETBIOS.
- FTP.

27 - **Cosa è un router?**

- Un dispositivo di rete che si occupa di instradare i dati fra le reti.**
- Un tipo di modem.
- Un hotspot wifi.

28 - **Quale delle seguenti topologie di rete presuppone che ogni nodo della rete fa capo a due soli rami (precedente e successivo)?**

- Topologia di rete ad anello.**
- Topologia di rete a stella.
- Topologia completamente magliata.

29 - **Che cosa è il PERT chart?**

- È un diagramma che illustra il flusso delle attività di un progetto.**
- È un diagramma che descrive le fasi successive dell'ingegneria del software.
- È un diagramma utilizzato per definire le relazioni funzionali dei diversi moduli negli sviluppi di programmi software.

30 - **Il WBS (work breakdown structure) è uno strumento per....**

- Suddividere il progetto in sottoprogetti, compiti e attività organizzati gerarchicamente**
- Definire un approccio passo, passo alla risoluzione di un problema, anche detto algoritmo.
- Analizzare le possibili cause di malfunzionamento di un prodotto software.

31 - **Nell'ambito dei sistemi informativi cosa è un CRM?**

- Un Customer Relationship Management.**
- Un Case Relationship Management.
- Un Consumer Relationship Management.

32 - **Un sistema informativo è composto da:**

- dati, informazioni, persone, strumenti e procedimenti.**
- hardware e software.
- dall'insieme dei dati e delle informazioni presenti in un'azienda.

33 - **Nel CAD il sistema pubblico di Connettività è definito come:**

- l'insieme di regole tecniche, infrastrutture condivise e servizi di base, conformi alle regole per la realizzazione di servizi interoperabili in rete**

l'insieme delle infrastrutture condivise e servizi di base, conformi alle regole per la realizzazione di servizi interoperabili in rete

l'insieme degli apparati di comunicazione della pubblica amministrazione.

34 - Secondo quanto dispone l'art. 86 del codice dell'amministrazione quale è l'ente che cura la progettazione, la realizzazione, la gestione ed evoluzione della Rete internazionale delle pubbliche amministrazioni?

CNIPA.

AGID.

Ministero degli Esteri.

35 - Il sistema di conservazione, come previsto dall'art.44 del CAD, garantisce:

autenticità, integrità, affidabilità, leggibilità e reperibilità dei documenti informatici.

autenticità, integrità, riproducibilità, leggibilità e reperibilità dei documenti informatici.

autenticità, riproducibilità, leggibilità e reperibilità dei documenti informatici.

36 - Ai fini del rispetto dei requisiti di sicurezza il conservatore di dati informatici per la pubblica amministrazione deve sottoporre i componenti del proprio sistema ai test:

OWASP.

ISO 9001.

di regressione.

37 - Quale delle seguenti definizioni si riferisce ad un tipo di linguaggio di programmazione interpretato?

Un linguaggio che viene eseguito a partire direttamente dal codice sorgente.

Un linguaggio che viene trasformato in un linguaggio di più basso livello prima di essere eseguito.

Un linguaggio informale che viene compreso direttamente dalla macchina.

38 - Quale dei seguenti linguaggi di programmazione è di più basso livello?

Assembly.

C++.

Visual Basic.

39 - **Quale dei seguenti algoritmi di ordinamento è più efficiente?**

- Quick sort.**
- Bubble sort.
- Selection sort.

40 - **Cosa è la ricorsione?**

- E' una tecnica di programmazione che sfrutta l'idea di suddividere un problema da risolvere in sottoproblemi simili a quello originale, ma più semplici.**
- E' una tecnica di programmazione non imperativa.
- E' una tecnica di programmazione iterativa.

41 - **Quale dei seguenti non è un linguaggio di programmazione?**

- RC++.**
- Python.
- C++.

42 - **Cosa è un IDE?**

- Un ambiente di sviluppo integrato.**
- Un linguaggio di programmazione.
- Un compilatore.

43 - **Quale delle seguenti tecnologie viene utilizzata per misurare ed analizzare caratteristiche del corpo umano (impronte digitali, iride, ...) come sistema per il riconoscimento dell'individuo per il controllo dell'accesso ai servizi forniti da un sistema informativo?**

- biometria.**
- antropomorfismo.
- OCR.

44 - **Quali tra i seguenti strumenti può essere definito "CMS"?**

- Joomla.**

Linux.

Word.

45 - **Quale, tra le seguenti, è una caratteristica del cloud computing che consente di variare dinamicamente la quantità di risorse allocate per garantire che il servizio fornito soddisfi al meglio le necessità del cliente?**

Scalabilità.

Virtualizzazione.

Economicità.

46 - **Cosa è il l'Open Web Application Security Project?**

E' un progetto in capo ad una fondazione non profit che lavora per migliorare la sicurezza del software.

E' un ente pubblico di certificazione del software.

E' una applicazione per testare la sicurezza del software.

47 - **Per quale motivo viene effettuato il collaudo di regressione del software?**

Per verificare che nuove funzionalità aggiunte ad un software in esercizio non abbiano compromesso la qualità del software precedentemente in produzione.

Per verificare se il software in produzione può essere semplificato.

Per verificare se il software ha tutte le funzionalità previste nella fase di progetto.

48 - **Il Project Management Agile si basa:**

su un processo di innovazione incrementale attraverso uno sviluppo iterativo in cui i progetti sono strutturati in piccoli pacchetti di lavoro.

su una scomposizione delle attività del progetto in fasi sequenziali lineari, in cui ciascuna fase dipende dai deliverable della precedente.

sull'esecuzione delle fasi non in modo passo dopo passo, ma più volte, a spirale.

49 - **Gli Sprint Review si pongono come obiettivo**

quello di mostrare ai clienti e stakeholder il prodotto di uno sprint.

quello di definire insieme al cliente i requisiti per la pianificazione di uno sprint.

quello di ripianificare le attività del gruppo di sviluppo durante l'esecuzione di uno sprint.

50 - In Scrum, cos'è il Product Backlog?

È un artefatto ufficiale di Scrum che consiste in un elenco di attività (Product Backlog Item) ordinato per priorità.

È il risultato dello Sprint Planning e comprende un elenco ordinato di attività che il team seleziona e che si impegna di portare a termine entro la fine dell'iterazione.

È un artefatto ufficiale di Scrum che elenca i ritardi (Backlog) nelle consegne e ne descrive le cause.

51 - Quale dei seguenti standard ISO riguarda direttamente il ciclo di vita del software?

ISO/IEC 12207.

ISO/IEC 9001.

ISO/IEC 14001

52 - Secondo il Project Management Institute (PMI), che cosa è il Critical Path (Cammino critico) di un progetto?

È la sequenza di attività la cui durata complessiva determina la durata stessa del progetto.

È l'insieme delle attività più difficili del progetto.

Sono le attività per cui sono stati identificati rischi, la cui probabilità di verificarsi è superiore al 50%.

53 - Quale attività deve svolgere un project manager per assicurarsi che tutte le necessarie attività per la realizzazione del progetto siano considerate nella pianificazione?

Preparare un WBS (Work Breakdown Structure).

Preparare un piano per l'identificazione e gestione dei rischi.

Preparare la stima dei costi di dettaglio.

54 - Quale tipo di base di dati prevede che questi siano organizzati secondo struttura ad albero?

Gerarchica.

Relazionale.

Non strutturata.

55 - Nell'algebra relazionale usata per le basi di dati cosa si ottiene dall'operazione di unione di due insieme A e B?

Il risultato dell'operazione contiene tutti gli elementi che appartengono al solo insieme A, al solo insieme B o ad entrambi gli insiemi.

Il risultato dell'operazione contiene solo gli elementi presenti sia in A che in B.

Il risultato dell'operazione contiene solo gli elementi presenti o solo in A o solo in B.

56 - **Nell'algebra relazionale applicata alle basi di dati l'operazione di proiezione:**

effettua una modifica del grado della relazione alla quale essa è applicata. Gli attributi della relazione risultante sono un sottoinsieme di quelli della relazione originale.

effettua una modifica del grado della relazione alla quale essa è applicata. Gli attributi della relazione risultante sono in numero maggiore degli attributi della relazione originale.

mantiene il grado della relazione originale.

57 - **Quale dei seguenti linguaggi si è il più utilizzato su dati semi-strutturati?**

XML.

SQL.

DBMS.

58 - **In quali tipi di database tutti gli attributi di una entità sono legati insieme e non sono distribuiti su più tabelle?**

Database orientati agli oggetti.

Database relazionali.

Database non strutturati.

59 - **Il data mining, tipicamente, coinvolge sei tipologie (classi) di attività (tasks), com'è chiamata l'attività che tenta di trovare una funzione che modella i dati con il minimo errore, cioè cerca di stimare le relazioni tra dati o set di dati?**

Regression.

Classification.

Clustering.

60 - **Quale delle seguenti è una tipica applicazione del text-mining?**

Sentiment Analysis.

Creazione di sommari automatici in Microsoft Word.

Compressione dei database.

61 - **Quale tra i seguenti linguaggi di programmazione è ampiamente utilizzato nell'ambito del text mining?**

Python.

CSS.

PHP.

62 - **Quale dei seguenti riscontri dimostra una scadente qualità dei dati?**

Nel database di un supermercato, lo stesso fornitore compare, con due indirizzi diversi, in due diverse registrazioni nel database.

Il database di un supermercato riporta in tempo reale variazioni del prezzo degli articoli esposti.

Nel database di un supermercato, ad ogni dipendente è associato un numero di matricola unico.

63 - **In un database relazionale, una colonna di una tabella corrisponde ...**

Ad un attributo.

Ad una relazione.

Ad un record.

64 - **Quale delle seguenti sono competenze chiave di un data scientist?**

Statistica, Machine Learning, Data Visualisation.

Solamente Machine Learning e Data Visualisation, la statistica non è molto rilevante.

Essenzialmente Machine Learning, statistica e Data Visualisation non sono molto rilevanti.

65 - **Quale tra le seguenti non è una corretta istruzione SQL per la manipolazione del database?**

CREATE TABLE .

UPDATE .

DELETE .

66 - **In un Database Relazionale, come è possibile ridurre il tempo di accesso ad un record?**

Usando un indice.

Usando record molto piccoli.

Usando tabelle con pochi campi.

67 - **In un DBMS, le funzionalità che permettono di interrogare la base dati per ottenere informazioni sono dette di**

Manipolazione.

Gestione.

Definizione.

68 - **Nel linguaggio SQL, una relazione viene rappresentata con...**

Una tabella.

Una chiave primaria.

Una riga.

69 - **Quale tra i seguenti è un comando che appartiene al Data Definition Language (DDL)?**

CREATE.

SELECT.

INSERT.

70 - **In SQL, confrontando due stringhe di caratteri, che cosa rappresenta il simbolo “%”?**

Qualunque sequenza di caratteri (anche nessun carattere).

Qualunque carattere singolo.

Qualunque numero.

71 - **Quale tipo di malware ha come obiettivo quelli di mettere "sotto sequestro" i dati richiedendo poi "un riscatto" per poterne avere nuovamente disponibilità?**

Ransomware.

Cryptojacking.

Password attack.

72 - Cosa è un attacco DDoS?

Un attacco che ha come obiettivo quello di bloccare il servizio di un server inondandola di traffico internet o richieste di servizio.

Un attacco che viene mirato ai possessori di computer con installata una shell DOS.

Un attacco di rete che ha come obiettivo quello rubare dati riservati.

73 - In cosa consiste un attacco Flood HTTP?

Un attacco che aumenta enormemente le richieste http del server.

Un attacco evitabile installando sul server un certificato SSL per avere una connessione https.

Un attacco che ha come obiettivo quello di aggirare i firewall.

74 - Quale tipo di algoritmo permette a due attori di stabilire una chiave segreta in un canale non sicuro?

Algoritmo Diffie-Hellman.

Algoritmo HASH.

Algoritmo di Turing.

75 - Quale tipologia di algoritmo di crittografia utilizza coppie di chiavi?

Crittografia a chiave asimmetrica.

Crittografia a chiave simmetrica.

Cifrario di Cesare.

76 - Come si chiama la scienza che si occupa di individuare le debolezze di un sistema di crittografia o di ottenere informazioni da dati cifrati?

Crittoanalisi.

Data Science.

Cybercrime.

77 - Quale tra la cifratura a chiave simmetrica e asimmetrica è più veloce?

Chiave simmetrica.

Chiave asimmetrica.

Non c'è differenza di velocità tra i due metodi.

78 - **Quale è il principio matematico alla base dell' algoritmo RSA?**

La fattorizzazione dei numeri primi.

Il principio di indeterminazione di Heisenberg.

L'algoritmo di Diffie-Hellman.

79 - **In crittografia, il DES è:**

Un algoritmo a chiave simmetrica.

Una formula matematica.

Nessuna delle altre risposte è esatta.

80 - **Cosa è una funzione di hash?**

Una funzione che ha come compito quello di produrre un digest di un determinato dato in input.

Una funzione di cifratura e decifratura di un messaggio.

Una funzione usata per generare una coppia di chiavi pubbliche di crittografia.

81 - **Cosa si intende per resistenza alle collisioni di una funzione di hash?**

La proprietà per cui dati due messaggi m_1 ed m_2 deve essere difficile che i due messaggi abbiano lo stesso hash.

La proprietà per cui dato un valore di hash h deve essere difficile risalire ai vari messaggi m con $\text{hash}(m) = h$.

La proprietà per cui dato un input m_1 deve essere estremamente difficile trovare un secondo input m_2 tale che $\text{hash}(m_1) = \text{hash}(m_2)$.

82 - **Che cos'è MD5?**

Una funzione crittografica.

Un modello di processore degli anni '70.

Uno standard di rete.

83 - **Come viene definita la società o organizzazione che agisce per convalidare le identità di entità (come siti Web, indirizzi e-mail, società o singole persone) e vincolarle a chiavi crittografiche tramite l'emissione di documenti elettronici noti come certificati digitali?**

Certification Authority (CA).

Certificate Producer (CP).

Certificate Validator (CV).

84 - **X.509 è ...**

uno standard proposto dall'Unione internazionale delle telecomunicazioni (ITU-T), usato per definire il formato dei certificati a chiave pubblica e delle autorità di certificazione (CA).

uno standard proposto dall'Unione internazionale delle telecomunicazioni (ITU-T), che definisce il protocollo di crittografia DES.

uno standard proposto dall'Unione internazionale delle telecomunicazioni (ITU-T), che definisce l'interfaccia radio delle reti WiFi.

85 - **La connessione https tra un browser e un server serve a:**

far viaggiare in forma criptata le informazioni tra il browser dell'utente ed il server.

rendere più veloce la navigazione in internet.

avere la certezza che il sito resterà disponibile durante tutto il periodo di navigazione.

86 - **Cosa consente di fare la firma elettronica qualificata?**

Scambiare in rete documenti con piena validità legale.

Apporre una firma autografa ad un documento digitale.

Firmare esclusivamente documenti PDF o Word per dargli validità legale.

87 - **Nell'ambito della firma digitale cosa sono i Prestatori di servizi fiduciari qualificati?**

Sono soggetti che rilasciano certificati qualificati a norma del regolamento (UE) n. 910/2014 del Parlamento europeo e del Consiglio, del 23 luglio 2014 (eIDAS).

Sono soggetti pubblici che rilasciano certificati qualificati a norma del regolamento (UE) n. 910/2014 del Parlamento europeo e del Consiglio, del 23 luglio 2014 (eIDAS).

Sono enti pubblici che consentono ai cittadini di ottenere servizi digitali.

88 - **Quale tipo di crittografia utilizza la firma digitale?**

A chiave asimmetrica.

A chiave simmetrica.

MD5.

89 - Nel CAD il documento elettronico che contiene la rappresentazione informatica di atti, fatti o dati giuridicamente rilevanti è denominato:

Documento informatico.

Dato delle PPAA.

Dato pubblico.

90 - Lo SPID (art. 64, CAD) è:

Costituito come insieme aperto di soggetti pubblici e privati che, previo accreditamento da parte dell'Agid, identificano gli utenti per consentire loro il compimento di attività e l'accesso ai servizi in rete.

Il sistema pubblico per la gestione dell'identità digitale riservato ai cittadini.

Uno dei documenti di riconoscimento personale italiani, insieme alla CIE.

91 - Ai sensi dell'art. 5-bis, CAD, le comunicazioni di atti e provvedimenti amministrativi da parte delle amministrazioni pubbliche alle imprese avviene:

Esclusivamente utilizzando le tecnologie dell'informazione e della comunicazione.

A discrezione dell'amministrazione che provvede alla comunicazione.

Utilizzando ogni modalità disponibile.

92 - In applicazione di quale principio, previsto all'art. 5, GDPR, i dati personali devono essere esatti e, se necessario, aggiornati e devono essere adottate tutte le misure ragionevoli per cancellare o rettificare tempestivamente i dati inesatti rispetto alle finalità per le quali sono trattati?

Esattezza.

Minimizzazione dei dati.

Integrità e riservatezza.

93 - Sono categorie particolari di dati (art. 9, GDPR):

Entrambi i dati indicati nelle altre alternative di risposta.

Dati personali che rivelino le opinioni politiche.

Dati biometrici.

94 - **Qualsiasi forma di trattamento automatizzato di dati personali consistente nell'utilizzo di tali dati personali per valutare determinati aspetti personali relativi a una persona fisica, in particolare per analizzare o prevedere aspetti riguardanti gli interessi, l'affidabilità, il comportamento di detta persona fisica è denominata (art. 4, GDPR):**

- Profilazione.**
- Pseudonimizzazione.
- Utilizzazione.

95 - **A norma del disposto di cui all'art. 1 della legge n. 124/2007, a quale organo è attribuita, in via esclusiva l'apposizione e la tutela del segreto di Stato?**

- Al Presidente del Consiglio dei ministri.**
- Al Ministro senza portafoglio delegato dal Presidente della Repubblica.
- Al Presidente della Repubblica.

96 - **Cosa identifica l'acronimo CISR?**

- Comitato interministeriale per la sicurezza della Repubblica.**
- Agenzia informazioni e sicurezza esterna.
- Dipartimento delle informazioni per la sicurezza.

97 - **Il c.d. Decreto-legge perimetro è:**

- Il decreto-legge 21 settembre 2019, n. 105, (Disposizioni urgenti in materia di perimetro di sicurezza nazionale cibernetica e di disciplina dei poteri speciali nei settori di rilevanza strategica).**
- Il decreto legislativo 18 maggio 2018, n. 65, di attuazione della direttiva (UE) 2016/1148 del Parlamento europeo.
- La legge 3 agosto 2007 n. 124.

98 - **Ai fini del D.L. n. 105/2019 ogni riferimento al Nucleo per la sicurezza cibernetica è da intendere riferito:**

- Al Nucleo per la cybersicurezza.**
- Al Dipartimento delle informazioni per la sicurezza.
- Al Comitato parlamentare per la sicurezza della Repubblica.

99 - **L'art. 5 del D.Lgs. n. 33/2013, dispone che il procedimento di accesso civico deve concludersi:**

Entro 30 giorni dalla presentazione dell'istanza.

Con provvedimento non motivato.

Entro 90 giorni dalla presentazione dell'istanza.

100 - Il divieto di accesso generalizzato, di cui al co. 2, art. 5, riguarda (art. 5-bis, D.Lgs. n. 33/2013):

Tra l'altro i documenti inerenti la sicurezza nazionale.

I documenti aventi rilevanza politica.

I documenti concernenti l'attività di organi politici.



Questionario 2

1 - Which of the following options is an adverb?

Protectively.

Protective.

Protection.

2 - Which of the following options is an adverb?

Quickly.

Quick.

Quickness.

3 - Which one of the following words doesn't belong to the vocabulary about fruit?

Beetroot.

Pineapple.

Orange.

4 - Which one of the following words doesn't belong to the vocabulary about fruit?

Cucumber.

Peach.

Avocado.

5 - What is the best translation of: He's lighting a candle.

Sta accendendo la candela.

Stava accendendo la candela.

Accenderanno la candela.

6 - **What is the best translation of: He's tearing a piece of paper.**

Sta strappando un pezzo di carta.

Stanno strappando un pezzo di carta.

Strapperà un pezzo di carta.

7 - **Fill in the gaps with the most appropriate options. "If I _____ born in a different country, I _____ to speak a different language".**

Had been / would have learnt.

Was / would have learnt.

Was / will learn.

8 - **Complete the sentence with the most correct and proper option. "When I was younger, I used to worry...all kinds of things".**

About.

In.

Out.

9 - **Complete the sentence with the most correct and proper option. "I knew I would never look ...my sister".**

Like.

On.

About.

10 - **Complete the sentence with the most correct and proper option. "My sister is ...more attractive than me".**

Far.

As.

Up.

11 - **Complete the sentence with the most correct and proper option. "She wasn't expecting her to arrive. She just turned ...with no warning".**

Up.

Over.

On.

12 - **Complete the sentence with the most correct and proper option. "She had to turn ... the invitation to lunch. She was working until late".**

Down.

Up.

Over.

13 - **Complete the sentence with the most correct and proper option. "The bar is so popular that customers are often turned... at the door".**

Away.

On.

Up.

14 - **Complete the sentence with the most correct and proper option. "The show turned... to be a disappointment after a great beginning".**

Out.

Off.

In.

15 - **Complete the sentence with the most correct and proper option. "The boss turned... me and blamed me for making a big mistake in the last report".**

On.

Out.

Off.

16 - **Complete the sentence with the most correct and proper option. "If I had more time, I would take... tennis".**

Up.

In.

Out.

17 - Complete the sentence with the most correct and proper option. "I had to leave work at five, but a friend took... for the last hour".

Over.

Up.

On.

18 - Complete the sentence with the correct tense. If I smoked a cigarette, you?

Would it bother.

Did it bother.

Bothered.

19 - Complete the sentence with the correct tense. If he swimming in such a rough sea, he wouldn't have drowned.

Hadn't gone.

Went.

Will go.

20 - Complete the sentence with the correct tense. If I Paul's number I would invite him to the party.

Had.

Had had.

Have.

21 - Complete the sentence with the correct tense. If I had bought more milk, I enough for breakfast.

Would have had.

Would have.

Had.

22 - Complete the sentence with the correct tense. If we walk so slowly, we late.

Will be.

Were.

Would be.

23 - **What is the best translation of: He never buys newspapers.**

Non compra mai i giornali.

Compra spesso i giornali.

Qualche volta compra i giornali.

24 - **What is the best translation of: She's looking out of the window.**

Sta guardando fuori dalla finestra.

Stava guardando fuori dalla finestra.

Starà guardando fuori dalla finestra.

25 - **What is the best translation of: She's walking across the courtyard.**

Sta camminando attraverso il cortile.

Stava camminando attraverso il cortile.

Cammineremo attraverso il cortile.

26 - **What is the best translation of: The tree is growing through the pavement.**

L'albero sta crescendo attraverso il manto stradale.

L'albero stava crescendo attraverso il manto stradale.

Gli alberi cresceranno attraverso il manto stradale.

27 - **What is the best translation of: He's throwing some paper into the bin.**

Sta gettando della carta nel cestino.

Stava gettando della carta nel cestino.

Getteremo della carta nel cestino.

28 - **"The Royal Mail in the UK has released a historic image of the Queen, Prince Charles, Prince William**

and Prince George. It's going to be used to make four new postage stamps to mark the Queen's 90th birthday. Prince George is, of course, William's son". According to the text, what will the historic image of the royals be used to celebrate?

- The Queen's 90th birthday.
- The Queen's wedding anniversary.
- The UK's 40th Independence anniversary.

29 - "Ukraine has been holding ceremonies to mark the 30th anniversary of Chernobyl, the world's worst nuclear accident. A meltdown in the plant's reactor in April 1986 blew off the roof and sent a cloud of radioactive material across Ukraine's borders into neighbouring Belarus and across a swathe of northern Europe. Relatives of those who died held candlelight vigils at several churches". According to the text, on what occasion has Ukraine been holding ceremonies?

- Chernobyl 30th anniversary.
- Christmas Eve.
- New Years Eve.

30 - "Let's go to Prague Zoo, because visitors have had their first glimpse of this little baby gorilla. Her birth took everyone by surprise. Nobody had even noticed that her 24-year-old mum Shinda was pregnant. Shinda had already had a number of miscarriages – being a little overweight she wasn't expected to ever have a baby. The delivery went well. She and her new-born baby are said to be doing very well". According to the text, what baby animal did visitors of the Prague Zoo get to see?

- Gorilla.
- Giraffe.
- Dinosaur.

31 - "The Republican frontrunner Donald Trump has defeated Ted Cruz to win the Indiana primary. The Texas senator has pulled out of the presidential race. The Republican Party now says Mr Trump is its presumptive nominee. For the Democratic Party in Indiana, Bernie Sanders has beaten his party's frontrunner Hillary Clinton". What is the name of the Democratic candidate who won against Hillary Clinton in Indiana?

- Bernie Sanders.
- Bill Gates.
- Tina Fey.

32 - "A new study has concluded that antibiotics are prescribed inappropriately in nearly a third of cases in the United States. It's estimated 47 million unnecessary prescriptions are given out every year – most are for viral illnesses that don't even respond to antibiotics". According to the text, what are antibiotics

predominantly prescribed for in the US?

- Viral illnesses.**
- Foot blisters.
- Acne.

33 - "A new report on the state of the world's plants says that more than 2,000 new species were discovered last year alone including a three-metre-tall orchid and a sprawling insect-eating sundew plant from Brazil. But the researchers from the Royal Botanic Gardens in London warned that a fifth of all plants were at risk of extinction – vulnerable to climate change, habitat loss or disease". In which country was the three-metre-tall orchid discovered?

- Brazil.**
- South Arabia.
- Indonesia.

34 - "The White House is saying President Obama will not apologise for the American atomic bomb attack on Hiroshima when he visits later this month. It will be highly symbolic – the first time a serving American president has been to the Japanese city since it was obliterated in August 1945". According to the text, which city is Obama visiting as serving American president?

- Hiroshima.**
- Melbourne.
- New York.

35 - "A replica of the 2,000-year-old Arch of Triumph, destroyed by the Islamic State group in the ancient Syrian city of Palmyra last year, will be unveiled in London today. The replica has been built from marble with a computer-controlled drill programmed with 3D images of the original. The group behind the project, the Institute for Digital Archaeology, hopes the technology can be used to rebuild parts of Palmyra, which has been recaptured by government troops". According to the text, what was the replica of the Syrian Arch of Triumph built from?

- Marble.**
- Paper.
- Powder.

36 - "The World Health Organisation says there's been a fourfold increase in diabetes in the past four decades. Worldwide nearly one-in-11 adults now has the disease. In one of the largest studies to date, it's been found that poor and middle income countries had seen the steepest rise in cases. That's prompted a warning that diabetes has reached levels that could bankrupt some health systems". How many adults are reported to have diabetes worldwide?

One-in-11 adults.

Over half of adults.

Barely anyone.

37 - "The Great Barrier Reef, the Inca city of Machu Picchu in Peru – just two of the world's most precious natural and cultural heritage sites. But they're under threat from industrial activity like never before. That's the warning from the charity WWF – the World Wildlife Fund. It says that half of the 229 world heritage sites could be at risk from developments such as logging, fishing and oil exploration". According to the text, what is primarily threatening the Great Barrier Reef and Machu Picchu?

Industrial activity.

Technology development.

Too many tourists.

38 - "Digital marketing involves the use of digital media, such as websites, email, social media and mobile devices to market products and services. Because people use a lot of digital devices today and more and more people look for and buy products online, digital marketing is an ideal way for companies to reach potential customers". What is mainly used in digital marketing?

Digital media.

Written mail.

Posters.

39 - "A few years ago, Chiara Ferragni was a fledgling fashion blogger, studying law at university in Milan. She never finished her degree, but now she splits her time between a \$3.5 million Los Angeles mansion and a 400 m2 Milan penthouse and spends her days travelling the world in Gucci sweatshirts, cut-off jeans and with a collection of Louis Vuitton bags". What university degree did Chiara Ferragni never complete?

Law.

Physics.

Medicine.

40 - "Every day, Chiara Ferragni shares images of her lifestyle on her blog 'The Blonde Salad' and on Instagram. She now has 14 million Instagram followers, which makes her one of the cult celebrities of the social media world. Now worth about \$12 million, with a line of exclusive branded shoes and a contract with Pantene, Ferragni is a role model to a generation of digital natives who have established a viable career as social media 'influencers'". What is the name of Ferragni's lifestyle blog?

The Blonde Salad.

Rotten Tomato.

Spendid times.

41 - "Beca Alexander, founder and president of the social media casting agency Socialyte Collective, represents about 100 influencers, each with between 30,000 and 2 million followers. "There are a variety of ways that influencers earn money and we work on strategies that best suit the individual style and audience of each one. Some focus on promoting as many brands and products as possible, while others have contracts with a small range of brands to work on exclusive long-term campaigns." According to the text, how many influencers does Socialyte Collective represent?

About 100.

Around 1000.

Over 500.

42 - "Informative advertising is designed to inform or educate a target market. It is difficult to persuade a potential customer to buy something if they don't know what it is and what it does. Because of this, companies sometimes use this method of advertising when they are introducing a new, unfamiliar product on the market. In the 1980s, for example, adverts for personal computers informed potential customers about what a computer could do and how they could use it at home". According to the text, when do company normally use informative advertising?

When introducing a new product.

When changing their brand image.

When moving headquarters.

43 - "Persuasive advertising is used by businesses to create brand loyalty, especially when there are several other similar brands on the market. These types of adverts are designed to evoke an emotional response. For example, adverts for soft drinks often show happy young people who are having fun. They also use experts or famous celebrities to convince people about the qualities of a brand". What do persuasive adverts evoke?

Emotional response.

Angry replies.

Boredom.

44 - "Slogans are a very important aspect of persuasive advertising. A slogan is a simple phrase that accompanies a brand and contains a persuasive message. The idea is that people remember the message, identify with it in some way and are tempted to buy the product when they see it on sale. Some successful slogans include 'Because you're worth it' (L'Oréal) and 'I'm lovin' it' (McDonald's)". What was L'Oréal successful slogan?

Because you're worth it.

Live long feel well.

J'adore.

45 - "Display adverts are the boxes on web sites that are obviously adverts. They can be banner adverts that go across the top of the page, pop-up adverts that appear when you open a web page or even videos which start to play when a web page is open. If viewers click on the advert, they are taken to another web page with information about the brand or company. Usually advertisers pay a small fee each time someone clicks on their advert. This is called pay-per-click". What is the fee paid by advertisers for each time that someone clicks on their advert?

Pay-per-click.

Fast fee.

Check fee.

46 - "Advertising products and services via social media platforms such as Facebook, Twitter, Instagram and YouTube has become a key part of most advertising campaigns. Companies can post directly to their pages, pay to insert adverts or pay social media influencers to endorse their products. One of the main reasons why social media is popular is that advertising can be personalised". What is a key reason for social media advertising popularity?

Personalised advertising.

Speedy advertising.

Written content.

47 - "Despite recent controversy related to political advertising, Facebook is still a popular platform for advertisers. Adverts and promotions are placed into the news feed of specific targeted audiences. The adverts usually have a photograph or heading that aims to catch the user's attention and they are designed to look similar to other non-advertising posts. Companies can monitor the success of the ad, direct people to their websites and re-target people who have shown interest in the past". According to the text, where do adverts and promotions get placed?

Into the news feed.

Into people's DMs.

Into Facebook marketplace.

48 - "Sponsorship is very popular in sport, particularly when the sport is shown on television. It provides a way for a brand to reach millions of people worldwide through a single channel. Companies usually select sports that have widespread media coverage, such as football or motor racing. All the major British football clubs have several sponsors. Arsenal FC, for example, plays in a stadium called Emirates Stadium, because Emirates airline is their main sponsor". What is Arsenal FC's main sponsor?

Emirates.

Qatar.

Qantas.

49 - "To prevent commercial advertisements from telling lies or making false descriptions and statements, nearly all countries have enforced special laws that apply to advertising. Most member states of the European Union are part of the European Advertising Standards Alliance (EAS A. . The Alliance has the support of national self-regulatory systems and of the European advertising industry (the advertisers, the advertising agencies and the medi A. in promoting the development of effective self-regulation and to co-ordinate cross-border complaints". What have countries enforced to prevent false advertising?

Special laws.

Targeted financial cuts.

Ads newsletter.

50 - "In 2017, the Advertising Standards Authority (AS A. in Britain received almost 30,000 complaints, which led to the removal or amendment of 7,099 adverts. The adverts appeared in various media channels – including social media, magazines and websites –, however, television adverts received the most complaints. This is probably because television reaches a much larger audience". What type of adverts received the highest amount of complaints in 2017?

Television.

Email.

Social media.

51 - "In 2017, hundreds of customers complained about a printed advert for Co-op Easter eggs. The advert encouraged parents to give their daughters a chocolate egg to thank them 'for doing the washing up'. People complained that the advert was sexist and stereotyped genders because both sons and daughters have equal responsibility for helping in the house. The Co-op apologised and changed the text on the advert". What was the the main reason of complain against the Co-op Easter egg campaign in 2017?

Sexism.

Terrorism.

Bad quality ingredients.

52 - "The ASA received 131 complaints about a 2017 Christmas advert by Curry's PC World. In the advert, created to promote a television, a couple play a joke on their children by telling them that they are going to celebrate a traditional Christmas with no electronic gadgets. Their children are very upset, but then excited when they see their new TV. Who complained said that the advert promoted materialism rather than the true meaning of Christmas. The advert wasn't removed because the ASA decided that it wouldn't cause serious offence. "According to the text, what did people think Curry's PC World's Christmas advert wrongly promoted in 2017?

Materialism.

Optimism.

Instability.

53 - **How many celebrities have given their time to the association over the years?**

More than 2000.

3000.

It's a secret.

54 - **The verb "Given" is:**

Past participle.

Simple past.

Present perfect.

55 - **"Their" is:**

An adjective.

A pronoun.

An adverb.

56 - **Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.**

Comic Relief is a charitable organisation ...⁽¹⁾ in London. It was set ...⁽²⁾ by comedians in 1985 in response to the famine in Ethiopia, and uses comedy and laughter to ...⁽³⁾ serious messages across. Since then ...⁽⁴⁾ two thousand celebrities have given their time and talent to Comic Relief, helping to raise 300 million to date.

Every two years, Comic relief organises a nationwide fundraising event ...⁽⁵⁾ "Red Nose Day". It is usually on a Friday in March. On Red Nose Day everyone in the country is encouraged to put a red nose and do something silly to raise money ... ⁽⁶⁾ charity. In an event that unites the country, people from all walks of life do their bit for poor and under-privileged people in the UK and Africa.

In schools, uniforms are replaced by fancy ...⁽⁷⁾, in offices across the nation, assistants ... ⁽⁸⁾ over from their bosses for the day. Every contribution is important, it is standing in the street ...⁽⁹⁾ money from passers-by, or taking ...⁽¹⁰⁾ in a sponsored event like sitting in a bathtub full of baked beans for twenty-four hours, or not talking for a(n) ...⁽¹¹⁾ day.

The event is televised in the evening, when the combination of comedy and hard-hitting documentaries persuades ...⁽¹²⁾ to make donations on their credit cards - over the phone or ...⁽¹³⁾ the Internet - to those less fortunate than themselves

Per colmare la lacuna occorre inserire (1).

Based.

Constructed.

Stationed.

57 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

Comic Relief is a charitable organisation ...(1) in London. It was set ...(2) by comedians in 1985 in response to the famine in Ethiopia, and uses comedy and laughter to ...(3) serious messages across. Since then ...(4) two thousand celebrities have given their time and talent to Comic Relief, helping to raise 300 million to date.

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Per colmare la lacuna occorre inserire (2).

Up.

Out.

Off.

58 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

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Per colmare la lacuna occorre inserire (3).

Get.

Have.

Do.

59 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

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Per colmare la lacuna occorre inserire (4).

Over.

More.

Additional.

60 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

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The event is televised in the evening, when the combination of comedy and hard-hitting documentaries persuades ...(12) to make donations on their credit cards - over the phone or ...(13) the Internet - to those less fortunate than themselves

Per colmare la lacuna occorre inserire (5).

Called.

Known.

Described.

61 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

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passers-by, or taking ...(10) in a sponsored event like sitting in a bathtub full of baked beans for twenty-four hours, or not talking for a(n) ...(11) day.

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Per colmare la lacuna occorre inserire (6).

For.

To.

Towards.

62 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

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The event is televised in the evening, when the combination of comedy and hard-hitting documentaries persuades ...(12) to make donations on their credit cards - over the phone or ...(13) the Internet - to those less fortunate than themselves

Per colmare la lacuna occorre inserire (7).

Dresses.

Wear.

Pants.

63 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

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The event is televised in the evening, when the combination of comedy and hard-hitting documentaries persuades ...(12) to make donations on their credit cards - over the phone or ...(13) the Internet - to those less fortunate than themselves

Per colmare la lacuna occorre inserire (8).

Take.

Go.

Make.

64 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

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Every two years, Comic relief organises a nationwide fundraising event ...(5) "Red Nose Day". It is usually on a Friday in March. On Red Nose Day everyone in the country is encouraged to put a red nose and do something silly to raise money ... (6) charity. In an event that unites the country, people from all walks of life do their bit for poor and under-privileged people in the UK and Africa.

In schools, uniforms are replaced by fancy ...(7), in offices across the nation, assistants ... (8) over from their bosses for the day. Every contribution is important, it is standing in the street ...(9) money from passers-by, or taking ...(10) in a sponsored event like sitting in a bathtub full of baked beans for twenty-four hours, or not talking for a(n) ...(11) day.

The event is televised in the evening, when the combination of comedy and hard-hitting documentaries persuades ...(12) to make donations on their credit cards - over the phone or ...(13) the Internet - to those less fortunate than themselves

Per colmare la lacuna occorre inserire (9).

Collecting.

Asking.

Bothering.

65 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

Comic Relief is a charitable organisation ...(1) in London. It was set ...(2) by comedians in 1985 in response to the famine in Ethiopia, and uses comedy and laughter to ...(3) serious messages across. Since then ...(4) two thousand celebrities have given their time and talent to Comic Relief, helping to raise 300 million to date.

Every two years, Comic relief organises a nationwide fundraising event ...(5) "Red Nose Day". It is usually on a Friday in March. On Red Nose Day everyone in the country is encouraged to put a red nose and do something silly to raise money ... (6) charity. In an event that unites the country, people from all walks of life do their bit for poor and under-privileged people in the UK and Africa.

In schools, uniforms are replaced by fancy ...(7), in offices across the nation, assistants ... (8) over from their bosses for the day. Every contribution is important, it is standing in the street ...(9) money from passers-by, or taking ...(10) in a sponsored event like sitting in a bathtub full of baked beans for twenty-four hours, or not talking for a(n) ...(11) day.

The event is televised in the evening, when the combination of comedy and hard-hitting documentaries persuades ...(12) to make donations on their credit cards - over the phone or ...(13) the Internet - to those less fortunate than themselves

Per colmare la lacuna occorre inserire (10).

Part.

Place.

Participation.

66 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

Comic Relief is a charitable organisation ...(1) in London. It was set ...(2) by comedians in 1985 in response to the famine in Ethiopia, and uses comedy and laughter to ...(3) serious messages across. Since then ...(4) two thousand celebrities have given their time and talent to Comic Relief, helping to raise 300 million to date.

Every two years, Comic relief organises a nationwide fundraising event ...(5) "Red Nose Day". It is usually on a Friday in March. On Red Nose Day everyone in the country is encouraged to put a red nose and do something silly to raise money ... (6) charity. In an event that unites the country, people from all walks of life do their bit for poor and under-privileged people in the UK and Africa.

In schools, uniforms are replaced by fancy ...(7), in offices across the nation, assistants ... (8) over from their bosses for the day. Every contribution is important, it is standing in the street ...(9) money from passers-by, or taking ...(10) in a sponsored event like sitting in a bathtub full of baked beans for twenty-four hours, or not talking for a(n) ...(11) day.

The event is televised in the evening, when the combination of comedy and hard-hitting documentaries persuades ...(12) to make donations on their credit cards - over the phone or ...(13) the Internet - to those less fortunate than themselves

Per colmare la lacuna occorre inserire (11).

Whole.

All.

Totally.

67 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

Comic Relief is a charitable organisation ...(1) in London. It was set ...(2) by comedians in 1985 in response to the famine in Ethiopia, and uses comedy and laughter to ...(3) serious messages across. Since then ...(4) two thousand celebrities have given their time and talent to Comic Relief, helping to raise 300 million to date.

Every two years, Comic relief organises a nationwide fundraising event ...(5) "Red Nose Day". It is usually on a Friday in March. On Red Nose Day everyone in the country is encouraged to put a red nose and do something silly to raise money ... (6) charity. In an event that unites the country, people from all walks of life do their bit for poor and under-privileged people in the UK and Africa.

In schools, uniforms are replaced by fancy ...(7), in offices across the nation, assistants ... (8) over from their bosses for the day. Every contribution is important, it is standing in the street ...(9) money from passers-by, or taking ...(10) in a sponsored event like sitting in a bathtub full of baked beans for twenty-four hours, or not talking for a(n) ...(11) day.

The event is televised in the evening, when the combination of comedy and hard-hitting documentaries persuades ...(12) to make donations on their credit cards - over the phone or ...(13) the Internet - to those less fortunate than themselves

Per colmare la lacuna occorre inserire (12).

Viewers.

Spectator.

Observer.

68 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

Comic Relief is a charitable organisation ...(1) in London. It was set ...(2) by comedians in 1985 in response to the famine in Ethiopia, and uses comedy and laughter to ...(3) serious messages across. Since then ...(4) two thousand celebrities have given their time and talent to Comic Relief, helping to raise 300 million to date.

Every two years, Comic relief organises a nationwide fundraising event ...(5) "Red Nose Day". It is usually on a Friday in March. On Red Nose Day everyone in the country is encouraged to put a red nose and do something silly to raise money ... (6) charity. In an event that unites the country, people from all walks of life do their bit for poor and under-privileged people in the UK and Africa.

In schools, uniforms are replaced by fancy ...(7), in offices across the nation, assistants ... (8) over from their bosses for the day. Every contribution is important, it is standing in the street ...(9) money from passers-by, or taking ...(10) in a sponsored event like sitting in a bathtub full of baked beans for twenty-four hours, or not talking for a(n) ...(11) day.

The event is televised in the evening, when the combination of comedy and hard-hitting documentaries persuades ...(12) to make donations on their credit cards - over the phone or ...(13) the Internet - to those less fortunate than themselves

Per colmare la lacuna occorre inserire (13).

On.

By.

Across.

69 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

"Dyslexia is a learning disability that (1)___ the way the brain processes written material and is typically characterized by difficulties in word (2)___, spelling and decoding. People with dyslexia have problems with reading (3)___."

Which of the given alternatives correctly fills in the gap (1)?

Alters.

Enhances.

Varies.

70 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

"Dyslexia is a learning disability that (1)___ the way the brain processes written material and is typically characterized by difficulties in word (2)____, spelling and decoding. People with dyslexia have problems with reading (3)_____."

Which of the given alternatives correctly fills in the gap (2)?

Recognition.

Cancel.

Teaching.

71 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

"Dyslexia is a learning disability that (1)___ the way the brain processes written material and is typically characterized by difficulties in word (2)____, spelling and decoding. People with dyslexia have problems with reading (3)_____."

Which of the given alternatives correctly fills in the gap (3)?

Comprehension.

Arrangement.

Speech.

72 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

"There is a war of words between Iran and Saudi Arabia after the execution of a Shia Muslim cleric. He was among 47 men killed on terrorism charges. Saudi leaders said the cleric, Nimr al-Nimr, had led anti-government protests in 2011-2012. Mr Al-Nimr said he never (1)___ weapons or called for violence. He had encouraged people to use "the (2) ___ of the word" instead. Iran said al-Nimr was killed for being a Shia Muslim. Saudi Arabia is largely Sunni Muslim. There were protests against the execution in the Iranian capital Tehran. The Saudi Arabian embassy was (3)___ fire. Iran said Saudi Arabia would pay a "heavy price" for the execution. Saudi Arabia said Iran should stay out of what was an internal Saudi matter. The Foreign Ministry said Mr al-Nimr was killed for breaking the law and not for being a Shia Muslim. It said: "There is no difference between what a person does (4) ___his ethnic origin."

Which of the given alternatives correctly fills in the gap (1)?

- Carried.
- Neglected.
- Nullified.

73 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

"There is a war of words between Iran and Saudi Arabia after the execution of a Shia Muslim cleric. He was among 47 men killed on terrorism charges. Saudi leaders said the cleric, Nimr al-Nimr, had led anti-government protests in 2011-2012. Mr Al-Nimr said he never (1)____ weapons or called for violence. He had encouraged people to use "the (2) ____ of the word" instead. Iran said al-Nimr was killed for being a Shia Muslim. Saudi Arabia is largely Sunni Muslim. There were protests against the execution in the Iranian capital Tehran. The Saudi Arabian embassy was (3)____ fire. Iran said Saudi Arabia would pay a "heavy price" for the execution. Saudi Arabia said Iran should stay out of what was an internal Saudi matter. The Foreign Ministry said Mr al-Nimr was killed for breaking the law and not for being a Shia Muslim. It said: "There is no difference between what a person does (4) ____ his ethnic origin."

Which of the given alternatives correctly fills in the gap (2)?

- Roar.
- Ravel.
- Raver.

74 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

"There is a war of words between Iran and Saudi Arabia after the execution of a Shia Muslim cleric. He was among 47 men killed on terrorism charges. Saudi leaders said the cleric, Nimr al-Nimr, had led anti-government protests in 2011-2012. Mr Al-Nimr said he never (1)____ weapons or called for violence. He had encouraged people to use "the (2) ____ of the word" instead. Iran said al-Nimr was killed for being a Shia Muslim. Saudi Arabia is largely Sunni Muslim. There were protests against the execution in the Iranian capital Tehran. The Saudi Arabian embassy was (3)____ fire. Iran said Saudi Arabia would pay a "heavy price" for the execution. Saudi Arabia said Iran should stay out of what was an internal Saudi matter. The Foreign Ministry said Mr al-Nimr was killed for breaking the law and not for being a Shia Muslim. It said: "There is no difference between what a person does (4) ____ his ethnic origin."

Which of the given alternatives correctly fills in the gap (3)?

Set on.

Put in.

Made for.

75 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

"There is a war of words between Iran and Saudi Arabia after the execution of a Shia Muslim cleric. He was among 47 men killed on terrorism charges. Saudi leaders said the cleric, Nimr al-Nimr, had led anti-government protests in 2011-2012. Mr Al-Nimr said he never (1)____ weapons or called for violence. He had encouraged people to use "the (2) ____ of the word" instead. Iran said al-Nimr was killed for being a Shia Muslim. Saudi Arabia is largely Sunni Muslim. There were protests against the execution in the Iranian capital Tehran. The Saudi Arabian embassy was (3)____ fire. Iran said Saudi Arabia would pay a "heavy price" for the execution. Saudi Arabia said Iran should stay out of what was an internal Saudi matter. The Foreign Ministry said Mr al-Nimr was killed for breaking the law and not for being a Shia Muslim. It said: "There is no difference between what a person does (4) ____ his ethnic origin."

Which of the given alternatives correctly fills in the gap (4)?

Regardless of.

In any case.

Not standing.

76 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

Vietnam has a history as rich and evocative as anywhere on the planet. Sure, the American War in Vietnam captured the attention of the West, but centuries before that Vietnam was scrapping with the Chinese, the Khmers, the Chams and the Mongols. Vietnamese civilisation is as sophisticated as that of its mighty northern neighbour China, from where it drew many of its influences under a thousand-year occupation. Later came the French and the humbling period of colonialism from which Vietnam (2)____ until the second half of the 20th century. The Americans were simply the last in a long line of (3)____ who had come and gone through the centuries and, no matter what was required or how long it took, they too would be vanquished. If only the planners back in Washington had paid just a little more attention to the history of this very proud nation, then Vietnam might have (5)____ the trauma and tragedy of a horribly brutal war.

What does "scrapping with Chinese" means?

It means "scuffling with Chinese".

It means "ganging up with Chinese".

It means "substituting with Chinese".

77 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

Vietnam has a history as rich and evocative as anywhere on the planet. Sure, the American War in Vietnam captured the attention of the West, but centuries before that Vietnam was scrapping with the Chinese, the Khmers, the Chams and the Mongols. Vietnamese civilisation is as sophisticated as that of its mighty northern neighbour China, from where it drew many of its influences under a thousand-year occupation. Later came the French and the humbling period of colonialism from which Vietnam (2)_____ until the second half of the 20th century. The Americans were simply the last in a long line of (3)_____ who had come and gone through the centuries and, no matter what was required or how long it took, they too would be vanquished. If only the planners back in Washington had paid just a little more attention to the history of this very proud nation, then Vietnam might have (5)_____ the trauma and tragedy of a horribly brutal war.

The missing part is (gap 2):

- Was not to emerge.
- Was about to emerge.
- Didn't want to emerge.

78 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

Vietnam has a history as rich and evocative as anywhere on the planet. Sure, the American War in Vietnam captured the attention of the West, but centuries before that Vietnam was scrapping with the Chinese, the Khmers, the Chams and the Mongols. Vietnamese civilisation is as sophisticated as that of its mighty northern neighbour China, from where it drew many of its influences under a thousand-year occupation. Later came the French and the humbling period of colonialism from which Vietnam (2)_____ until the second half of the 20th century. The Americans were simply the last in a long line of (3)_____ who had come and gone through the centuries and, no matter what was required or how long it took, they too would be vanquished. If only the planners back in Washington had paid just a little more attention to the history of this very proud nation, then Vietnam might have (5)_____ the trauma and tragedy of a horribly brutal war.

The missing word is (gap 3):

- Invaders.
- Supporters.
- Benefactors.

79 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

Vietnam has a history as rich and evocative as anywhere on the planet. Sure, the American War in Vietnam captured the attention of the West, but centuries before that Vietnam was scrapping with the Chinese, the Khmers, the Chams and the Mongols. Vietnamese civilisation is as sophisticated as that of its mighty northern neighbour China, from where it drew many of its influences under a thousand-year occupation. Later came the French and the humbling period of colonialism from which Vietnam (2)_____ until the second half of the 20th century. The Americans were simply the last in a long line of (3)_____ who had come and gone through the centuries and, no matter what was required or how long it took, they too would be vanquished. If only the planners back in Washington had paid just a little more attention to the history of this very proud nation, then Vietnam might have (5)_____ the trauma and tragedy of a horribly brutal war.

What does "they too would be vanquished" mean?

- Also the Americans were defeated.
- The Americans were the only ones not to be dominated.
- The Americans managed to take full control of Vietnam.

80 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

Vietnam has a history as rich and evocative as anywhere on the planet. Sure, the American War in Vietnam captured the attention of the West, but centuries before that Vietnam was scrapping with the Chinese, the Khmers, the Chams and the Mongols. Vietnamese civilisation is as sophisticated as that of its mighty northern neighbour China, from where it drew many of its influences under a thousand-year occupation. Later came the French and the humbling period of colonialism from which Vietnam (2)_____ until the second half of the 20th century. The Americans were simply the last in a long line of (3)_____ who had come and gone through the centuries and, no matter what was required or how long it took, they too would be vanquished. If only the planners back in Washington had paid just a little more attention to the history of this very proud nation, then Vietnam might have (5)_____ the trauma and tragedy of a horribly brutal war.

The missing word is (gap 5):

- Avoided.
- Lived.
- Experienced.

81 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

In 1999 Jack Straw, then Britain's Home Secretary, was attacked for being rude about an ethnic minority. There were demands for criminal investigations, appeals to various commissions and public agencies, a fevered debate over whether Mr Straw was racist. On that occasion, he was accused of demeaning gypsies by saying that people who masqueraded as travellers seemed to think they had a right to commit crimes. In the past few weeks Mr Straw, now leader of the House of Commons, has triggered a similar response by arguing that the Muslim veil (i.e., the full, face-covering niqab) is an unhelpful symbol of separateness. This week he won the backing of his boss, Tony Blair.

These episodes are reminders not that Mr Straw is hostile to minorities (he isn't) but that any debate in Europe about minority rights soon degenerates into a fight between self-proclaimed community leaders, public agencies, the police, courts and the law. It may be hard to reconcile militant Islam with secular Europe.

The word "demeaning" means

- Lowering the dignity.
- Changing the meaning.
- Defining.

82 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

In 1999 Jack Straw, then Britain's Home Secretary, was attacked for being rude about an ethnic minority. There were demands for criminal investigations, appeals to various commissions and public agencies, a fevered debate over whether Mr Straw was racist. On that occasion, he was accused of demeaning gypsies by saying that people who masqueraded as travellers seemed to think they had a right to commit crimes. In the past few weeks Mr Straw, now leader of the House of Commons, has triggered a similar response by arguing that the Muslim veil (i.e., the full, face-covering niqab) is an unhelpful symbol of separateness. This week he won the backing of his boss, Tony Blair.

These episodes are reminders not that Mr Straw is hostile to minorities (he isn't) but that any debate in Europe about minority rights soon degenerates into a fight between self-proclaimed community leaders, public agencies, the police, courts and the law. It may be hard to reconcile militant Islam with secular Europe.

If you "masquerade" you

- Assume a false appearance.
- Buy strange clothes.
- Behave badly.

83 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

In 1999 Jack Straw, then Britain's Home Secretary, was attacked for being rude about an ethnic minority. There were demands for criminal investigations, appeals to various commissions and public agencies, a fevered debate over whether Mr Straw was racist. On that occasion, he was accused of demeaning gypsies by saying that people who masqueraded as travellers seemed to think they had a right to commit crimes. In the past few weeks Mr Straw, now leader of the House of Commons, has triggered a similar response by arguing that the Muslim veil (i.e., the full, face-covering niqab) is an unhelpful symbol of separateness. This week he won the backing of his boss, Tony Blair.

These episodes are reminders not that Mr Straw is hostile to minorities (he isn't) but that any debate in Europe about minority rights soon degenerates into a fight between self-proclaimed community leaders, public agencies, the police, courts and the law. It may be hard to reconcile militant Islam with secular Europe.

To "trigger a response" is to....

- Initiate a response.
- Shoot a response.
- Repeat a response.

84 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

In 1999 Jack Straw, then Britain's Home Secretary, was attacked for being rude about an ethnic minority. There were demands for criminal investigations, appeals to various commissions and public agencies, a fevered debate over whether Mr Straw was racist. On that occasion, he was accused of demeaning gypsies by saying that people who masqueraded as travellers seemed to think they had a right to commit crimes. In the past few weeks Mr Straw, now leader of the House of Commons, has triggered a similar response by arguing that the Muslim veil (i.e., the full, face-covering niqab) is an unhelpful symbol of separateness. This week he won the backing of his boss, Tony Blair.

These episodes are reminders not that Mr Straw is hostile to minorities (he isn't) but that any debate in Europe about minority rights soon degenerates into a fight between self-proclaimed community leaders, public agencies, the police, courts and the law. It may be hard to reconcile militant Islam with secular Europe.

If you "back someone" you.....

- Support them.
- Help them.
- Show friendship towards them.

85 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

In 1999 Jack Straw, then Britain's Home Secretary, was attacked for being rude about an ethnic minority. There were demands for criminal investigations, appeals to various commissions and public agencies, a fevered debate over whether Mr Straw was racist. On that occasion, he was accused of demeaning gypsies by saying that people who masqueraded as travellers seemed to think they had a right to commit crimes. In the past few weeks Mr Straw, now leader of the House of Commons, has triggered a similar response by arguing that the Muslim veil (i.e., the full, face-covering niqab) is an unhelpful symbol of separateness. This week he won the backing of his boss, Tony Blair.

These episodes are reminders not that Mr Straw is hostile to minorities (he isn't) but that any debate in Europe about minority rights soon degenerates into a fight between self-proclaimed community leaders, public agencies, the police, courts and the law. It may be hard to reconcile militant Islam with secular Europe.

It is understood that

Debates in Europe about minority rights turn into free-for-alls.

Mr Shaw can't stand minorities.

The law sides with minorities.

86 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

HEALTH

Doctor: Good morning Mrs Black. Hello, Jack. Now, what's the problem?

Mum: He's got this terrible rash on (1) ____ body and he feels sick.

Doctor: Let's have a look. (2) ____ did this start?

Jack: Yesterday. It (3) ____ the evening.

Doctor: Does it itch?

Jack: No, it doesn't but I've got a headache and I feel sick when I look at food.

Doctor: What did you eat yesterday?

Jack: Well, I had eggs for breakfast. Then we went to the beach. Mum gave me a mussel to try. It was disgusting! Did Mum poison me?

Doctor: No, she didn't poison you. But don't eat them again. I think you've got an (4) ____ to seafood.

Mum: Is he OK?

Doctor: He's fine. Stay at home and rest for two days until you (5) _____

Jack: Great! I've got a maths test tomorrow.

Which of the given alternatives correctly fills in the gap (1)?

His.

Here.

Your.

87 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

HEALTH

Doctor: Good morning Mrs Black. Hello, Jack. Now, what's the problem?

Mum: He's got this terrible rash on (1) _____ body and he feels sick.

Doctor: Let's have a look. (2) _____ did this start?

Jack: Yesterday. It (3) _____ the evening.

Doctor: Does it itch?

Jack: No, it doesn't but I've got a headache and I feel sick when I look at food.

Doctor: What did you eat yesterday?

Jack: Well, I had eggs for breakfast. Then we went to the beach. Mum gave me a mussel to try. It was disgusting! Did Mum poison me?

Doctor: No, she didn't poison you. But don't eat them again. I think you've got an (4) _____ to seafood.

Mum: Is he OK?

Doctor: He's fine. Stay at home and rest for two days until you (5) _____

Jack: Great! I've got a maths test tomorrow.

Which of the given alternatives correctly fills in the gap (2)?

When.

Where.

[] How.

88 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

HEALTH

Doctor: Good morning Mrs Black. Hello, Jack. Now, what's the problem?

Mum: He's got this terrible rash on (1) _____ body and he feels sick.

Doctor: Let's have a look. (2) _____ did this start?

Jack: Yesterday. It (3) _____ the evening.

Doctor: Does it itch?

Jack: No, it doesn't but I've got a headache and I feel sick when I look at food.

Doctor: What did you eat yesterday?

Jack: Well, I had eggs for breakfast. Then we went to the beach. Mum gave me a mussel to try. It was disgusting! Did Mum poison me?

Doctor: No, she didn't poison you. But don't eat them again. I think you've got an (4) _____ to seafood.

Mum: Is he OK?

Doctor: He's fine. Stay at home and rest for two days until you (5) _____

Jack: Great! I've got a maths test tomorrow.

Which of the given alternatives correctly fills in the gap (3)?

[] Started in.

[] Started at.

[] Is starting in.

89 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

HEALTH

Doctor: Good morning Mrs Black. Hello, Jack. Now, what's the problem?

Mum: He's got this terrible rash on (1) _____ body and he feels sick.

Doctor: Let's have a look. (2) ____ did this start?

Jack: Yesterday. It (3) ____ the evening.

Doctor: Does it itch?

Jack: No, it doesn't but I've got a headache and I feel sick when I look at food.

Doctor: What did you eat yesterday?

Jack: Well, I had eggs for breakfast. Then we went to the beach. Mum gave me a mussel to try. It was disgusting! Did Mum poison me?

Doctor: No, she didn't poison you. But don't eat them again. I think you've got an (4) ____ to seafood.

Mum: Is he OK?

Doctor: He's fine. Stay at home and rest for two days until you (5) ____

Jack: Great! I've got a maths test tomorrow.

Which of the given alternatives correctly fills in the gap (4)?

Allergy.

Cough.

Toothache.

90 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

HEALTH

Doctor: Good morning Mrs Black. Hello, Jack. Now, what's the problem?

Mum: He's got this terrible rash on (1) ____ body and he feels sick.

Doctor: Let's have a look. (2) ____ did this start?

Jack: Yesterday. It (3) ____ the evening.

Doctor: Does it itch?

Jack: No, it doesn't but I've got a headache and I feel sick when I look at food.

Doctor: What did you eat yesterday?

Jack: Well, I had eggs for breakfast. Then we went to the beach. Mum gave me a mussel to try. It was disgusting! Did Mum poison me?

Doctor: No, she didn't poison you. But don't eat them again. I think you've got an (4) _____ to seafood.

Mum: Is he OK?

Doctor: He's fine. Stay at home and rest for two days until you (5) _____

Jack: Great! I've got a maths test tomorrow.

Which of the given alternatives correctly fills in the gap (5)?

Are feeling better.

Were feeling good.

Have to feel well.

91 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

APPEARANCES

Nick: Who's this?

Helen: It's Brandon (1) _____ he was 3.

Nick: He looks like you (2) _____ this photo.

Helen: Yes, he was a sweet little boy when his (3) _____ was long and curly. That was a long time ago!

Brandon: Shut (4) _____! You were bald!

Helen: I wasn't bald.

Brandon: You were. Look at this photo, Nick.

Nick: (5) _____ bald?

Helen: No, I wasn't. I had very fine hair.

Which of the given alternatives correctly fills in the gap (1)?

When.

Since.

Though.

92 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

APPEARANCES

Nick: Who's this?

Helen: It's Brandon (1) ____ he was 3.

Nick: He looks like you (2) ____ this photo.

Helen: Yes, he was a sweet little boy when his (3) ____ was long and curly. That was a long time ago!

Brandon: Shut (4) ____! You were bald!

Helen: I wasn't bald.

Brandon: You were. Look at this photo, Nick.

Nick: (5) ____ bald?

Helen: No, I wasn't. I had very fine hair.

Which of the given alternatives correctly fills in the gap (2)?

In.

Across.

Off.

93 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

APPEARANCES

Nick: Who's this?

Helen: It's Brandon (1) ____ he was 3.

Nick: He looks like you (2) ____ this photo.

Helen: Yes, he was a sweet little boy when his (3) ____ was long and curly. That was a long time ago!

Brandon: Shut (4) ____! You were bald!

Helen: I wasn't bald.

Brandon: You were. Look at this photo, Nick.

Nick: (5) ____ bald?

Helen: No, I wasn't. I had very fine hair.

Which of the given alternatives correctly fills in the gap (3)?

Hair.

Eyes.

Face.

94 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

APPEARANCES

Nick: Who's this?

Helen: It's Brandon (1) ____ he was 3.

Nick: He looks like you (2) ____ this photo.

Helen: Yes, he was a sweet little boy when his (3) ____ was long and curly. That was a long time ago!

Brandon: Shut (4) ____! You were bald!

Helen: I wasn't bald.

Brandon: You were. Look at this photo, Nick.

Nick: (5) ____ bald?

Helen: No, I wasn't. I had very fine hair.

Which of the given alternatives correctly fills in the gap (4)?

Up.

Out.

To.

95 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

APPEARANCES

Nick: Who's this?

Helen: It's Brandon (1) ____ he was 3.

Nick: He looks like you (2) ____ this photo.

Helen: Yes, he was a sweet little boy when his (3) ____ was long and curly. That was a long time ago!

Brandon: Shut (4) ____! You were bald!

Helen: I wasn't bald.

Brandon: You were. Look at this photo, Nick.

Nick: (5) ____ bald?

Helen: No, I wasn't. I had very fine hair.

Which of the given alternatives correctly fills in the gap (5)?

Were you really.

Are you still.

Did you are really.

96 - **Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.**

COMPARISONS

Max: Dad, I'm stuck. I can't do my homework.

Dad: What is it Max? I (1) ____ my work (2) ____ dinner.

Max: Which (3) ____ is older, London or Rome?

Dad: I think Rome is older than London.

Max: (4) ____ river is longer, the Thames or the Tiber?

Dad: I don't know. Why don't you look in your textbook?

Max: I prefer to use the Internet. It's more interesting.

Dad: It isn't (5) ____ as your book.

Max: But it's easier.

Dad: It's also slower. Anyway I'm using the computer _____

Which of the given alternatives correctly fills in the gap (1)?

Want to finish.

Want finished.

Wanted finishing.

97 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

COMPARISONS

Max: Dad, I'm stuck. I can't do my homework.

Dad: What is it Max? I (1) _____ my work (2) _____ dinner.

Max: Which (3) _____ is older, London or Rome?

Dad: I think Rome is older than London.

Max: (4) _____ river is longer, the Thames or the Tiber?

Dad: I don't know. Why don't you look in your textbook?

Max: I prefer to use the Internet. It's more interesting.

Dad: It isn't (5) _____ as your book.

Max: But it's easier.

Dad: It's also slower. Anyway I'm using the computer _____

Which of the given alternatives correctly fills in the gap (2)?

Before.

Under.

Near.

98 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

COMPARISONS

Max: Dad, I'm stuck. I can't do my homework.

Dad: What is it Max? I (1) _____ my work (2) _____ dinner.

Max: Which (3) _____ is older, London or Rome?

Dad: I think Rome is older than London.

Max: (4) _____ river is longer, the Thames or the Tiber?

Dad: I don't know. Why don't you look in your textbook?

Max: I prefer to use the Internet. It's more interesting.

Dad: It isn't (5) _____ as your book.

Max: But it's easier.

Dad: It's also slower. Anyway I'm using the computer _____

Which of the given alternatives correctly fills in the gap (3)?

City.

Country.

Village.

99 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

COMPARISONS

Max: Dad, I'm stuck. I can't do my homework.

Dad: What is it Max? I (1) _____ my work (2) _____ dinner.

Max: Which (3) _____ is older, London or Rome?

Dad: I think Rome is older than London.

Max: (4) _____ river is longer, the Thames or the Tiber?

Dad: I don't know. Why don't you look in your textbook?

Max: I prefer to use the Internet. It's more interesting.

Dad: It isn't (5) _____ as your book.

Max: But it's easier.

Dad: It's also slower. Anyway I'm using the computer _____

Which of the given alternatives correctly fills in the gap (4)?

Which.

What.

Whose.

100 - Leggere il brano e rispondere alla seguente domanda.

COMPARISONS

Max: Dad, I'm stuck. I can't do my homework.

Dad: What is it Max? I (1) _____ my work (2) _____ dinner.

Max: Which (3) _____ is older, London or Rome?

Dad: I think Rome is older than London.

Max: (4) _____ river is longer, the Thames or the Tiber?

Dad: I don't know. Why don't you look in your textbook?

Max: I prefer to use the Internet. It's more interesting.

Dad: It isn't (5) _____ as your book.

Max: But it's easier.

Dad: It's also slower. Anyway I'm using the computer _____

Which of the given alternatives correctly fills in the gap (5)?

As reliable.

Much reliable.

As reliabler.